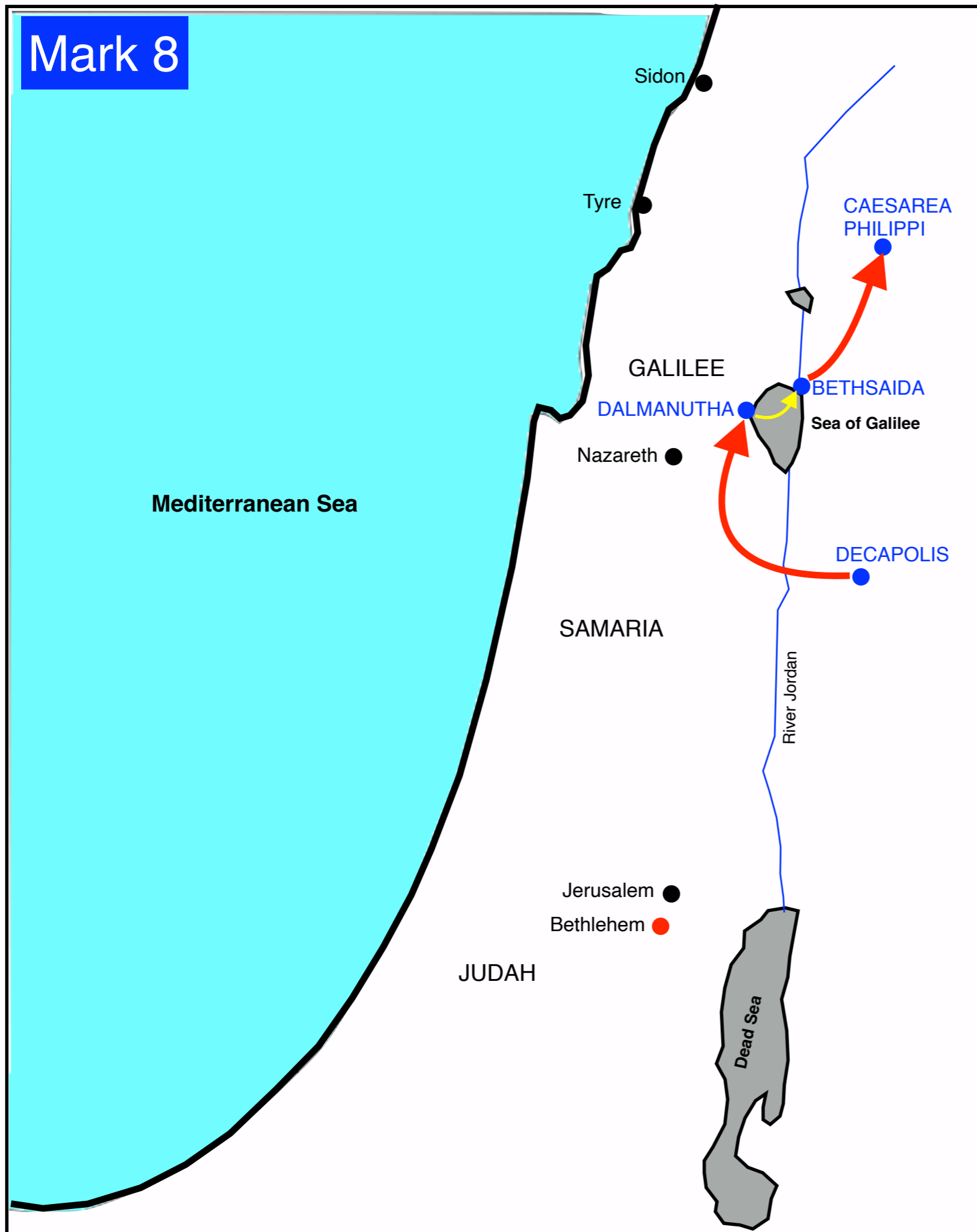


**Analysis of the translations  
of L.E. Threlkeld  
by  
Jeremy Steele**

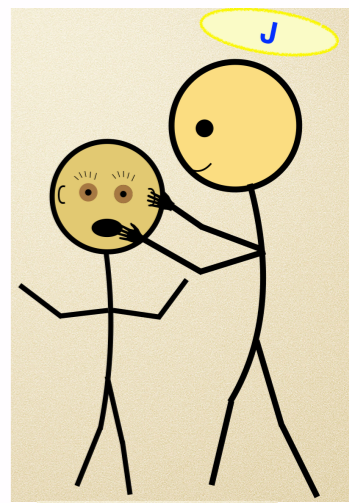
**Mark 8**

# Mark 8



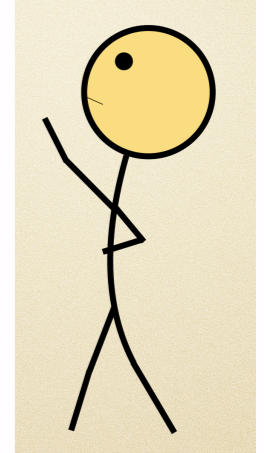
## ● DECAPOLIS

[33] And he took him aside from the multitude, and put his fingers into his ears, and he spit, and touched his tongue;



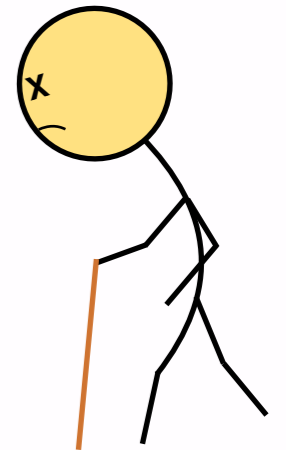
## ● DALMANUTHA

[11] And the Pharisees came forth, and began to question with him, seeking of him a sign from heaven, tempting him.



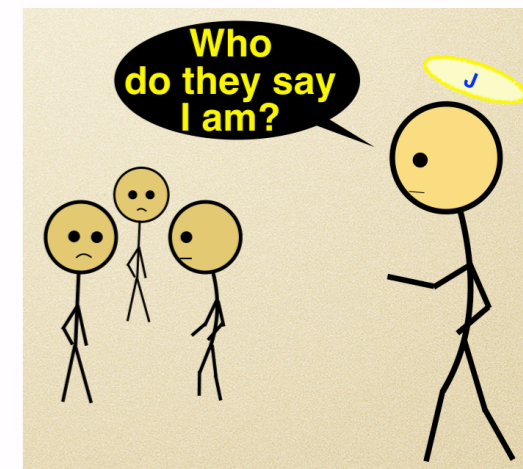
## ● BETHSAIDA

[22] And he cometh to Bethsaida; and they bring a blind man unto him, and besought him to touch him.



## ● CAESAREA PHILIPPI

[27] And Jesus went out, and his disciples, into the towns of Caesarea Philippi: and by the way he asked his disciples, saying unto them, Whom do men say that I am?



# Mark 8:01

*Yakita unta tara purreung ka, kauwul k̄an konara ta,  
ngatun [ka-k̄orien [minnaring korien]] keawar̄an barun 3.3. [?]takilli ko, Jesu ko noa wiyā barun  
wirrobulli k̄an kaai ngikoung kin ko, ngatun wiyelliella ngaiya barun,*

yagida andadara bariyangGa gawalgan gunara da

[1] In those days the multitude being very great,  
and having nothing to eat, Jesus called his disciples unto him, and saith unto them,

now there-PLUR daylight-at big-BEness crowd AFFirm

Now at [i.e. in] those daylight(s) [i.e. days],  
the crowd, aye, (was) big, ...

-gan / -gan(g): BEness				
ga	ba	ma	ra	la
be	do	make	URG	—
-gan	-ban	-man	-ran	-lan
agent	doer	maker		
-gang	-bang	-mang	-rang	-lang
BE ness	DO ness	MAKE ness	URG ency	(HAPpen) ness

**PROPRIETIVE having**  
Tkld GAVE **gayin [-gan]** FOR PROPRIETIVE  
**-having**  
Tkld USED IT WITH 'hath', 'had', 'having',  
'have' over 40 times. PERHAPS CORRECT.  
ASSUMED IN NORTH DB TO BE agentive:  
**-gan [gayin]** GLOSSED 'agent', 'BEness'  
**-guwa** IS ASSUMED FOR PROPRIETIVE

"kain"	gayin	"in possession of; having"	having	Tkld/Frsr AWA Lex [212:25]
--------	-------	-------------------------------	--------	----------------------------------

... ngatun [ka-k̄orien [minnaring korien]]  
keawar̄an barun 3.3. [?]takilli ko, ...

ngadun [minaringGurin]  
giyawaran barun dagiligu

... and having nothing to eat, ...

AND [what-lacking] not-now  
them-all eat-be-ing for

... and [what lacking] them not for eating, ...

**minaring: INTERROGATIVE**  
**minaring** INTERROGATIVE—  
NOT RELATIVE PRONOUN  
**minaring** what? what object?  
RELATIVE PRONOUN [refers back  
to a noun]  
*who, whom, whose, which, that*  
PERHAPS: **ngalagurin**

**DOUBTFUL Tkld TRANSLATION**  
*KJV and having nothing to eat*  
Tkld **ngadun giyawaran barun dagiligu**  
AND not-now them-all eat-be-ing for  
PERHAPS:  
**ngadun bara wal dagiligurin**  
AND they-all certainly eat-ing-lacking  
*and they certainly lacking for eating*

[continues from previous frame]

...*Jesu ko noa wiyā barun wirrobulli kān kaai ngikoung kin ko, ...*

**JESUS**gu nuwa wiyā barun wirubaligan gayi ngigungGingu

... Jesus called his disciples unto him, ...

JESUS-ERG he speak-PH them-all follow-ing-agent come him-to

... he, Jesus, spoke (to) them, his following agent(s) [i.e. disciples] (to) come to him, ...

**Tkld INVENTIONS:**  
disciple / passover / generation

Tkld coined the following terms:  
disciple **wiruba-li-gan** following agent  
Passover **gawi-dwara** come-done to  
generation **wilang-NGil** behind/past place

**DOUBTFUL WORD: gayi 'come'**

**gayi** = 'come!' AS AN INTERJECTION  
IT IS INVARIABLE  
IT IS NOT A VERB

...*ngatun wiyelliella ngaiya barun,*

**ngadun wiyiliyila ngaya barun**

... and saith unto them,

AND speak-ing-recently then them-all

... and then (he) was speaking (to) them:

# Mark 8:02

*Minki lāng bāng kuttān barun konāra,*

*kulla bara ngōro ka purreung ka kakillilliella bāra emmoung katoa,  
ngatun keawaran [wæɫ] barun [bæ] takilli ko;*

**minGilang bang gadan barun gunara**

[2] I have compassion on the multitude,

because they have now been with me three days, and have nothing to eat:

emotion-ness I be-AFF-now them-all crowd

I am emotion-ness [i.e. compassion] (for) them, the crowd, ...

*... kulla bara ngōro ka purreung ka kakillilliella bāra emmoung katoa, ...*

**gala bara nguruga bariyangGa**

**gagililiyila bara imuwungGaduwa**

.. because they have now been with me three days, ...

because they-all three-at daylight-at be-be-ing-ing-recently  
they-all me-in company with

... because they at [i.e. for] three day(light)(s), they  
were constantly being in company with me, ...

### -gaduwa: IN COMPANY WITH

-gaduwa	-guwa	-duwa	-luwa	-ruwa
159	14	13	8 [> l]	4 [> r]

(Multiple, and different, of the above forms might occur in the same entry)

*...ngatun keawaran [wæɫ] barun [bæ] [T.J.] takilli ko;*

**ngadun giyawarān barun dagiligu**

... and have nothing to eat:

AND not-now them-all eat-be-ing-for

... and not them for eating [i.e. they had nothing to eat]:

### Tkld HELPERS: BB & LM

TRANSLATION ADVISERS,  
KNOWN BY INITIALS ONLY,  
APPEAR TO HAVE INCLUDED:  
BB, LM, TJ

## Mark 8:03

*Ngatun yukunnun barun bāng ba waita ko lang*

*mupai kān \_\_own\_\_ kakillīn barun ba kolang kokerā kolāng yirrunngun ngaiya bāra  
kunnun ta yapung ka ta barun ba: kulla ba kulōng ka birung [bāra] winta bāra uwā.*

**ngadun yuganan barun bang ba wadagulang**

[3] And if I send them away

fasting to their own houses, they will faint by the  
way: for divers of them came from far.

AND send-will them-all I WHEN/if depart-towards

And if I will send them depart-towards [i.e. away] ...

*... mupai kān kakillīn barun ba kolang kokerā kolāng [\_\_own\_\_] ...*

**mubayigan gagilin barunbagulang[**bu**] gugiragulang**

... fasting to their own houses, ...

shut-HAB-agent be-be-ing-now them-all-of-towards-[**EMPH**] hut-towards

... shut-agent(s) [i.e. people fasting] being towards  
emphatically their [i.e. **their own**] house(s), ...

**MISSING TRANSLATION**

AS TKID DID NOT PROVIDE  
A TRANSLATION,  
**THIS WORDING**  
IS PROPOSED.

[continues next frame]

[continues from previous frame]

...yirrunngun ngaiya bāra kunnun ta yapung ka ta barun ba: ...

**yarang**Gan **ngaya** bara ganan da **yabang**Ga da barunba

... they will faint by the way: ...

hunger-agent then they-all be-will AFFirm path-at AFFirm them-all-of

... then they will be, aye, hunger-agent(s) at their path, aye, [i.e. along their way]; ...

MYSTERY WORD: <i>yurang</i>					
<b>yarang</b>	hunger	6	<b>yirung</b>	hair	3
<b>yarang</b>	turn [?]	4	<b>yurang</b>	calm	2
<b>yaring</b>	laugh	4	<b>yuring</b>	go away	66
<b>yirang</b>	role [?]	2	<b>yurung</b>	dive	3
<b>yirung</b>	point	13			

ka ta / -ka ta	
SOME 80 INSTANCES OF <b>ka ta</b> : ga da.	
INTERPRETATIONS:	
be AFFirm:	be, aye
xxx-at AFFirm	xxx-at, aye
<b>ngigungGada</b>	him-of-at
<b>ngigungGadagu</b>	him-of-to

...kulla ba kulōng ka birung [~~bāra~~] winta bāra uwā.

**gala** ba **gulung**Gabirang winda bara uwa

... for divers of them came from far.

because DONE distant-away from part they-all move-PH

... because they, part [i.e. some of them], from distant [i.e. from afar], moved [i.e. came].

but / because / therefore	
<b>gala (ba)</b>	for, because
<b>ngala-din</b>	that-because (therefore)
<b>yagi-din</b>	now-because (therefore)
<b>guwidu (ba)</b>	because, therefore
<b>wandu ba</b>	but, instead, whereas

# Mark 8:04

*Ngatun bara<sub>1</sub> wirrobulli k̄an to<sub>2</sub> wiyayaleen b̄on,*  
*wonta wal birung* [[w]iya wal [wo]nta birung] takilli ko katawān kamunbilli ko barun  
tarai to kore ko Bread ko [unt̄i-k̄a] korung tang unti kul?

**ngadun bara wirubaligandu wiyayaliyan bun**

[4] And his disciples answered him, From  
whence can a man satisfy these men with bread here in the wilderness?

**AND they-all follow-ing-agent-ERG speak-back-ing-did him**

And they, the following-agent(s) [i.e. disciples],  
were speaking back (to) [i.e. answering] him: ...

**Tkld INVENTIONS:**  
disciple / passover / generation

Tkld coined the following terms:

disciple	<b>wiruba-li-gan</b>	following agent
Passover	<b>gawi-dwara</b>	come-done to
generation	<b>wilang-NGil</b>	behind/past place

... *wonta wal birung* [[w]iya wal [wo]nta birung] ...

**wanda wal birang** [[w]iya wal [wa]ndabirang]

... From whence ...

**where certainly away from [QUESTION certainly where-away from]**

... “Certainly from where ...

PLACE			
<b>wanda</b>	where	<b>anang</b>	there
<b>wanang</b>	where	<b>anambu</b>	there
<b>andi</b>	here	<b>anda</b>	there
<b>ani</b>	here	<b>anduwa</b>	there

[continues next frame]



[continues from previous frame]

... *takilli ko katawān kamunbilli ko barun tarai to kore ko Bread ko ...*

**dagiligu gadawan gamanbiligu barun darayidu gurigu BREADgu**

... can a man satisfy these men with bread ...

eat-be-ing-for replete-now be-make-permit-ing-for them-all other-ERG man-ERG BREAD-using

... (can) (an)other man, for eating, be permitting them to replete [i.e. to fill, to satisfy, themselves] using bread, ...

... [~~unti-ka~~] *korung tang unti kul?*

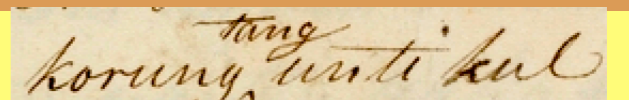
**gurang dang andigal**

... here in the wilderness?

scrub-xxx here-belong

... here in the scrub?"

MYSTERY WORD: *dang*



**dang:** THERE IS NO SUCH WORD.  
NEAREST IS **danga:** 'before'.  
PERHAPS

**gurang-Gaba andi-gal**  
scrub-at here-belong  
*here in the scrub*

# Mark 8:05

*Ngatun wiyā noa barun;*

*Minnān Loaves nurun ba? Ngatun bara wiyayaleen Seven ta.*

**ngadun wiya nuwa barun**

[5] And he asked them,  
How many loaves have ye? And they said,  
Seven.

AND speak-PH he them-all

And he spoke (to) them: ...

*... Minnān Loaves nurun ba? ...*

**minan LOAVES nurunba**

... How many loaves have ye? ...

how many LOAVES ye-all-of

... “How many loaves of [i.e. have] you?” ...

**POSSESSIVE PRONOUN unattached**

A POSSESSIVE SHOULD PERHAPS BE ATTACHED TO A NOUN  
IDIOMATIC EXPRESSION DOUBTFUL

**DOUBTFUL Tkld TRANSLATION**

*KJV* How many loaves have ye?  
Tkld **minan LOAVES nurunba**  
how many LOAVES ye-all-of  
PERHAPS:

**minan LOAF nurun-Gayi / nurun-duwa**  
how many loaf ye-all-at / ye-all-having

*...Ngatun bara wiyayaleen Seven ta.*

**ngadun bara wiyayaliyan SEVEN da**

... And they said, Seven.

AND they-all speak-back-ing-did SEVEN AFFirm

... And they were speaking back [i.e. answering]: “Seven, aye”.

# Mark 8:06

## Ngatun noa wiyā barun kore

yellowolli ko [115] bārān purrai ka ko: ngatun mankulla noa Loaves seven ta, ngatun murrorōng wiya, ngatun yārbung ngā, ngatun ngukulla barun wirrobulli kān ko wupilli ko mikān ka ko barun kin ko; ngatun wānkulla bāra unnoa tara Loaves [Italics] mikan ka ko Kore ka ko.

## ngadun nuwa wiya barun guri

[6] And he commanded the people

to sit down on the ground: and he took the seven loaves, and gave thanks, and brake, and gave to his disciples to set before them; and they did set them before the people.

AND he speak-PH them-all man

And he spoke (to) them, the men [i.e. people] ...

... yellowolli ko [115] bārān purrai ka ko: ...

## yilawaligu baran barayigagu

... to sit down on the ground: ...

sit-ing-for DOWN earth-to

... for sitting DOWN to [i.e. on] the ground: ...

### ANGLICISM 'down': baran

IN ENGLISH, **down** IS AN ADJUNCT TO CERTAIN VERBS, BUT THE SENSE IS AS MUCH EMPHATIC AS **downwards**. TKld TRANSLATED THE WORD LITERALLY IN ABOUT 60 INSTANCES:

- 9 **sit** down rest
- 3 **cut, hew,** down fell
- 9 **fall** down collapse
- 5 **put, lay, let** deposit
- come, go,** down descend
- take, let,** down lower
- pull** down demolish

Also 'down' in:

**run, hurry, take, bow, kneel, stoop, press, pour, cast,** etc.

### LOCative [not ALLative] expected

LOCative	<b>-gaba</b>	at, in, on
ALLative	<b>-gagu / -ginGu</b>	to

[continues from previous frame]

*...ngatun mankulla noa Loaves seven ta, ...*

**ngadun manGala nuwa LOAVES SEVEN da**

... and he took the seven loaves, ...

AND take-be-PH he LOAVES SEVEN AFFirm

... and he took the seven, aye, loaves, ...

*...ngatun murrorōng wiya, ngatun yārbung ngā, ...*

**ngadun marurung wiya ngadun yarbangGa**

... and gave thanks, and brake, ...

AND good speak-PH AND break-compel-PH

... and spoke good [i.e. blessed (them)]; and broke (them [loaves]), ...

[continues next frame]

[continues from previous frame]

*...ngatun ngukulla barun wirrobulli k̄an ko wupilli ko mik̄an ka ko barun kin ko; ...*

**ngadun ngugala barun wirubaliganGu wubiligu miganGagu barunGinGu**

... and gave to his disciples to set before them; ...

AND give-be-PH them-all follow-ing-agent-to do-ing-for in front-to them-all-to

... and gave (to) them, to the following-agents [i.e. disciples] for doing to [i.e. in] front to [i.e. of] them; ...

**Tkld INVENTIONS:**  
disciple / passover / generation

Tkld coined the following terms:  
disciple **wiruba-li-gan** following agent  
Passover **gawi-dwara** come-done to  
generation **wilang-NGil** behind/past place

**LOCative [not ALLative] expected**

LOCative **-gaba** at, in, on  
ALLative **-gagu / -ginGu** to

*...ngatun wānkulla bāra unnoa tara Loaves [Italics] mikan ka ko Kore ka ko.*

**ngadun wunGala bara anuwadara LOAVES miganGagu gurigagu**

... and they did set them before the people.

AND deposit-be-PH they-all that-PLUR LOAVES in front-to man-to

... and they deposited those loaves in front to [i.e. of] the men [i.e. the people].

**here / there // this / that**

Adverbs / demonstratives RELATED TO DISTANCE FROM SPEAKER:

	close	fairly near	distant
here / this	<b>ani</b>		
that / nearby		<b>anuwa</b>	
that / yonder			<b>anang</b>

**LOCative [not ALLative] expected**

LOCative **-gaba** at, in, on  
ALLative **-gagu / -ginGu** to

# Mark 8:07

*Ngatun [Italics] [waroi] Makoro  
warea t̄ara w̄aroi ta barun ba kakulla:*

*ngatun noa wiya murrorōng, ngatun wiya [𐀓𐀓] wūnkilli [barun] ko  
unnoa t̄ara mikān ka ko barun ba ka ko.*

**ngadun maguru wariyadara  
warayi da barunba gagala**

[7] And they had a few small fishes:  
and he blessed, and commanded to set them also before them.

AND fish little-PLUR few  
AFFirm them-all-of be-be-PH

And few little, aye, fish  
(there) were of them:

... *ngatun noa wiya murrorōng, ...*

**ngadun nuwa wiya marurung**

.. and he blessed, ...

AND he speak-PH good

... and he spoke good [i.e. blessed], ...

## POSSESSIVE unattached

A POSSESSIVE SHOULD PERHAPS  
BE ATTACHED TO A NOUN  
IDIOMATIC EXPRESSION DOUBTFUL

**magaru ... barunba:** their fishes  
BUT THE INTENTION IS:  
'they were having few fish'

IF **-guwa** = 'having, THEN PERHAPS:

**maguru wariyadara warayi da  
barun-duwa**

fish little-PLUR few AFFirm them-all-  
having

*they had a few little fishes*

IF NOT, THEN PERHAPS:

**maguru wariyadara warayi da  
barun-Gayi**

fish little-PLUR few AFFirm them-all-at  
*they had a few little fishes*

## DOUBTFUL Tkld TRANSLATION

*KJV And they had a few small fishes*

THIS DOUBT ARISES BECAUSE Tkld DID  
NOT CLEARLY IDENTIFY THE 'having'  
SIDE OF THE 'having-lacking CONTRAST:

**-guwa / -gurin.** PERHAPS:

**ngadun maguru-guwa bara wariyadara  
warayi da**

AND fish-having they-all little-PLUR few, aye

[continues from previous frame]

*...ngatun wiyā [un] wūnkilli [barun] ko  
unnoa tāra mikān ka ko barun ba ka ko.*

**ngadun wiya wunGiligu anuwadara  
miganGagu barunbagagu**

... and commanded to set them also before them.

**AND speak-PH deposit-be-ing-for  
that-PLUR in front-to them-all-of-to**

... and spoke for [i.e. about] depositing  
those to [i.e. in] front to [i.e. of] them.

## DOUBTFUL Tkld TRANSLATION

*KJV ... to set them also before them*

Tkld **wunGiligu anuwadara miganGagu  
barunbagagu**

deposit-be-ing-for that-PLUR in  
front-to them-all-of-to

'in front of': THERE IS NO POSSESSIVE.  
PERHAPS:

**wunGiligu anuwadara migan-da barun-Gin**

**[OR JUST barun]**

... in front-at them-all-[at [?]:  
*in front of them all.*

# Mark 8:08

*Yanti ba bara takilliella,*

*ngatun warapāl kakulla: ngatun mankulla  
wokka lang unta kul yābungngatoara kul  
wūntōara kul wimbi ta Seven ta.*

**yandi ba bara dagiliyila**

[8] So they did eat,

and were filled: and they took up  
of the broken meat that was left  
seven baskets.

thus DONE they-all eat-be-ing-recently

Thus they were eating, ...

*... ngatun warapāl kakulla: ...*

**ngadun warabal gagala**

... and were filled: ...

AND fill-PATient be-be-PH

... and were fill-patient(s) [i.e. replete]: ...

### PASSIVE: -bal

ASSUME **-bal** = PATient,  
i.e. THE RECIPIENT OF  
SOMETHING — A PASSIVE  
CONSTRUCTION. e.g.

**wara-bal**: full, filled

**yidara-bal**: named

*... ngatun mankulla wokka lang ...*

**ngadun manGala wagalang**

... and they took up ...

AND take-be-PH high-ness

... and (he) took high-ness [i.e. up] ...

### ANGLICISM waga: 'up'

Tkld TRANSLATED ENGLISH IDIOMATIC  
'up' LITERALLY IN SUCH INSTANCES AS:  
grow up, go up, lift up (raise), stand up, rise  
up, look up, carry up, spring up, pluck up,  
climb up, take up, bear up, sit up, jump up,  
run up, fill up,,  
THE MILD EMPHATIC 'up' SHOULD NOT  
BE TRANSLATED LITERALLY INTO OTHER  
LANGUAGES, THE up-ness BEING  
ALREADY IMPLIED IN THE VERB FORM  
OF THE TARGET LANGUAGE



[continues from previous frame]

... *unta kul yārbungngatoara kul wūntōara kul ...*

**andagal yarbangGadwaragal wundwaragal**

... of the broken meat that was left ...

there-belong break-compel-done to-belong deposit-done to-belong

... there the break-endowed-belong(s) deposit [i.e. abandon]-  
endowed-belong(s) [i.e. the broken droppings] ...

## PASSIVE: -dwara

TkId USED **-dwara**: done to  
TO REPRESENT PASSIVE FORMS, e.g.:

**wiya-dwara** speak-done to spoken

**yuruba-dwara** hide-done to hidden

**ngu-dwara** give-done to given

RENDERED: speak-, hide-, give-endowed

... *wimbi ta Seven ta.*

**wimbida SEVENda**

... seven baskets.

bowl-at SEVEN-at

... at [i.e. into] seven bowls.

# Mark 8:09

*Ngatun bara takulla [ta la, or takilli k̄an ta or to] ngala [tausān]*  
*thousand ta four ta kiloa bara kakulla; ngatun yukā [b] noa barun waita kolang.*

**ngadun bara dagala ngala**

[9] And they that had eaten  
were about four thousand: and he sent them away.

AND they-all eat-be-PH that

And they did eat that, ...

*... thousand ta four ta kiloa bara kakulla; ...*

**THOUSAND da FOUR da gilūwa bara gagala**

... were about four thousand: ...

THOUSAND AFFirm FOUR  
AFFirm like they-all be-be-PH

... four, aye, thousand, aye-like they  
were [i.e. they were about 4000]; ...

## DOUBTFUL Tkld TRANSLATION

*KJV were about four thousand:*  
Tkld **THOUSAND da FOUR da gilūwa  
bara gagala**  
1000 AFFirm 4 AFFirm like they-all  
be-be-PH  
**gilūwa** MAY BE A SUFFIX. PERHAPS:  
**THOUSAND-gilūwa da FOUR-gilūwa da  
bara gagala**  
THOUSAND-like AFFirm FOUR-like  
AFFirm they-all be-be-PH  
*they were like [i.e. about] 4000, aye*

## -gilūwa: -LIKE

**-gilūwa** like  
... A SUFFIX, NOT A  
STAND-ALONE WORD

*...ngatun yukā [b] noa barun waita kolang.*

**ngadun yuga nuwa barun wadagulang**

... and he sent them away.

AND send-PH he them-all depart-towards

... and he sent them depart-towards [i.e. away].

# Mark 8:10

*J Ngatun [~~unta-birung~~] tāntoa kul bo pulōngkulleen noa Murri nauwai ta ko barun koa wirropulli kān toa ngikoumba koa [117] ngatun tanān uwā unta kul Dalmanutha kul, or koa.*

**ngadun danduwagalbu**  
**bulungGaliyan nuwa mari nawidagu**

[10] And straightway he entered into a ship with his disciples, and came into the parts of Dalmanutha.

AND enough-belong-EMPH [immediately] enter-be-ing-did he big canoe [ship]-to

And immediately he was entering to [i.e. into] the ship ...

IMMEDIATELY	
Tkld uses the following for 'immediately':	
40 <b>danduwa-gal-bu</b>	enough-belong-EMPH
6 <b>dinduwa-gal-bu</b>	enough-belong-EMPH
5 <b>danduwa-bu</b>	enough-EMPH
4 <b>danduwa-gal</b>	enough-belong
1 <b>duluwa-gu</b>	straight-to

**SYDNEY WORDS: mari nawi**  
**mari nawi:** big canoe  
SYDNEY LANGUAGE WORDS USED BY THE SYDNEY PEOPLE FOR 'ship'

*... barun koa wirropulli kān toa ngikoumba koa [117] ...*

**barunGuwa wirubaliganduwa**  
**ngigumbaguwa**

... with his disciples, ...

them-all-in company with follow-ing-agent-in company with him-of-in company with

... in company with them, in company with his following-agent(s) [i.e. disciples], ...

<b>-gaduwa: IN COMPANY WITH</b>				
<b>-gaduwa</b>	<b>-guwa</b>	<b>-duwa</b>	<b>-luwa</b>	<b>-ruwa</b>
159	14	13	8 [> l]	4 [> r]

(Multiple, and different, of the above forms might occur in the same entry)

**Tkld INVENTIONS:**  
disciple / passover / generation

Tkld coined the following terms:

disciple	<b>wiruba-li-gan</b>	following agent
Passover	<b>gawi-dwara</b>	come-done to
generation	<b>wilang-NGil</b>	behind/past place

**DOUBTFUL AGREEMENT**

KJV *with his disciples*  
Tkld **barunGuwa wirubaliganduwa ngigumbaguwa**  
PERHAPS SIMPLY:  
**barunGuwa wirubaligan ngigumba**  
*in-company-with them his following-agent(s)*

[continues from previous frame]

*...ngatun tanān uwā unta kul  
Dalmanutha kul. or koa.*

**ngadun danan uwa andagal  
DALMANUTHAgal \OR guwa\**

... and came into the parts of Dalmanutha.

AND approach move-PH there-belong  
DALMANUTHA-belong \OR DALMANUTHA-having\

... and approach-moved thereabouts Dalmanutha.

## -gan / -gani / -gal

**-gan** agent (person who acts)  
(cf. Eng. **-er** baker, walker)

**-gani** entity

**-gal** belong (e.g. part of a group)

-----  
TkId INTERCHANGEABLY USED  
**-gan** (agent) AND **-gang** (BEness)

# Mark 8:11

*Ngatun tanān uwā bara Pharisee unta berung,*

*ngatun bonēn [began] wiyayelli ko bōn /or ngikoung ka kol/ wiyelliella bōn ngala ko tūngnga umulli ko Moroko ka birung, 1numulliliella [touch] bōn. or 2nupulliella [to try] bōn. or 3nuiyelliella [tempting] bōn. L.12/25/*

**ngadun danan uwa bara PHARISEE andabirang**

[11] And the Pharisees came forth,  
and began to question with him, seeking of him a sign from  
heaven, tempting him.

AND approach move-PH they-all PHARISEE there-away from

And they, the Pharisee(s), approach-moved from there, ...

*... ngatun bonēn [began] wiyayelli ko bōn /  
or ngikoung ka kol/ wiyelliella bōn ...*

**ngadun bunin wiyayiligu bun  
\OR ngigungGagu\ wiyiliyila bun**

... and began to question with him, ...

AND beforehand speak-back-ing-for him  
\OR him-to\ speak-ing-recently him

... and beforehand [i.e. began] for  
speaking back [i.e. questioning] him  
\OR to him\ speaking (to) him \ ...

## UNIDENTIFIED TERMS

begin	INCHOative / INCEPTive
under	
until	
having	PROPRIative
could	gayu-gan, gayu-gurin
except	

## TIME

<b>bangGayi</b>	now	<b>bunin</b>	beforehand
<b>dangGa</b>	before	<b>duwanda</b>	afterwards, future
<b>gabu</b>	soon	<b>gumba</b>	tomorrow
...	until	<b>wara</b>	yesterday
<b>ngaya</b>	then	<b>yaguwanda</b>	when
<b>yagida</b>	now	<b>yugida</b>	after
<b>yandi gadayi</b>	always ( <i>thus every</i> )		
<b>yagida galayi</b>	now time (until)		
<b>yandi galayi</b>	thus time (once upon a time; so long as)		

[continues next frame]

[continues from previous frame]

...ngala ko tūngnga umulli ko Moroko ka birung, ...

ngalagu **dungGa** umaligu murugugabirang

.. seeking of him a sign from heaven, ...

that-for show make-ing-for sky-away from

... for [i.e. about] making a show [i.e. mark] for that-fellow [i.e. for making a sign of him] from the sky [i.e. heaven], ...

**MYSTERY WORD: *dunGa...***

<b>dunGan(g)</b>	mother (thumb)	54 (2)
<b>dung(G)i</b>	cry	44
<b>dungGa...</b>	show	57
<b>dungGang</b>	big	26
<b>dungGangGiri</b>	right(hand)	26
<b>dangGa</b>	before	18
<b>dangGa</b>	shoe/foundation	9
<b>dungGa</b>	find	3
<b>dung dung</b>	marrow	2

... *1numulliliella [touch] bōn. or 2nupulliella [to try] bōn. or 3nuiyelliella [tempting] bōn. L.12/25/*

numaliliyila bun \OR nubaliyila bun\  
OR nuwiyiliyila bun\

... tempting him.

tempt-make-ing-ing-recently him \  
OR try-do-ing-recentlyhim \  
OR tempt-ing-recently\

... constantly touching him. \  
OR trying him \  
OR tempting him\.

**SPECIAL WORD: tempt/touch/ try/teach**

		tempt	touch	try	teach	taste
nu	ba/i	5	2	5		
nu	da					2
nu	gi	4		3		
nu	ma/i	6	30	6		
nu	wi	3		2		
nu	ya/i				3	

**LUKE comparison**

**nuwiyiliyila** 'tempting', AS USED IN LUKE x.25 [not xii.25]

"... ngatun wiya bōn, nuwiyelliella, ..."	<b>ngadun</b> wiya bun <b>nuwiyiliyila</b>	"... and tempted him, saying, ..."	AND speak-PH him tempt-DECL-ing-recently	Tkld LUKE [X:10:25::156:24 .2] [Awa]
---	---	------------------------------------	--	--------------------------------------

\_\_\_\_\_ *[sigh [?]]* \_\_\_\_\_ *ngatun wiyā, Minnaring tin ngali unti kul willung ngēllo nakillān tūngnga \_\_\_\_\_?*  
*Kauwā tuloa ta bang wiyān nurun, keawai wal tūngnga kamunbilli ko [~~wōntō~~-ba] ngali ko unti kul willung ngēl la ko.*

**[ngadun ngayanabaliyila gawal nuwa marayidin]**

[12] And he sighed deeply in his spirit, and saith, Why doth this generation seek after a sign? verily I say unto you, There shall no sign be given unto this generation.

**[AND breath-do-ing-recently big he spirit-at]**

**[And he was breathing big because of (his) spirit,] ...**

*...ngatun wiyā, ...*

**ngadun wiya**

... and saith, ...

**AND speak-PH**

... and spoke: ...

*...Minnaring tin ngali unti kul willung ngēllo nakillān tūngnga \_\_\_\_\_? ...*

**minaringdin ngali andigal wilangNGilu nagilan dungGa**

... Why doth this generation seek after a sign? ...

what-because this here-belong return/ behind (past)-place [generation]-ERG see-be-persist-now show[ness]

... “What because [i.e. why] does this here-belong [i.e. present] generation persistently see [i.e. look for] show [i.e. a mark, sign]? ...

**-kin /-din: CAUS/LOC/ALL/PERL**

IN THE Luke, Mark, Matthew GOSPELS & PRAYERS, THE SUFFIXES SIGNIFY:

	CAUS because	LOC at	ALL to	PERL thru/by
<b>-gin</b>	5	<b>93</b>	46	–
<b>-din</b>	168	25	–	8
<b>-lin</b>	12	–	–	–
<b>-rin</b>	2	–	–	5

**MISSING TRANSLATION**

AS Tkld DID NOT PROVIDE A TRANSLATION, THIS WORDING IS PROPOSED.

**minaringdin: WHY**

Tkld DID NOT CONVINCINGLY PROVIDE A WORD FOR ‘why’, OTHER THAN **minaring-din** ‘what-because’ (AROUND 50 EXAMPLES) **yaguwayi** = ‘how’, BUT Tkld USES IT ABOUT 4 TIMES FOR ‘why’. WORDS FOR ‘why’ ARE EXPECTED TO BE IN THE FORM OF min..., SUCH AS **minyin** (BB)

**MYSTERY WORD: dunGa...**

<b>dunGan(g)</b>	mother (thumb)	54 (2)
<b>dung(G)i</b>	cry	44
<b>dungGa...</b>	show	57
<b>dungGang</b>	big	26
<b>dungGangGiri</b>	right(hand)	26
<b>dangGa</b>	before	18
<b>dangGa</b>	shoe/foundation	9
<b>dungGa</b>	find	3
<b>dung dung</b>	marrow	2

**Tkld INVENTIONS:**  
disciple / passover / generation

Tkld coined the following terms:  
 disciple **wiruba-li-gan** following agent  
 Passover **gawi-dwara** come-done to  
 generation **wilang-NGil** behind/past place

[continues from previous frame]

...*Kauwā tuloa ta bang wiyān nurun, ...*

*gawa duluwa da bang wiyān nurun*

... verily I say unto you, ...

be-IMP! straight AFFirm I speak-now ye-all

... “Yes, I speak straight, aye, (to) you, ...

...*keawai wal tūngnga kamunbilli ko [~~wōnto-ba~~]*  
*ngali ko unti kul willung ngēl la ko.*

*giyawayi wal dungGa gamanbiligu*  
*ngaligu andigal wilangNGilagu*

... There shall no sign be given unto this generation.

no certainly show be-make-permit-ing-for  
this-for here-belong return/behind (past)-  
place [generation]-to

... (someone is) certainly not for permit(ting)  
a mark [i.e. there will certainly be no sign  
given] for this present generation”.

**PASSIVE IGNORED**

Tkld OFTEN RENDERS THE PASSIVE IN THE ACTIVE VOICE. IN SUCH INSTANCES, THE UNIDENTIFIED SUBJECT OF PASSIVE USAGES IS INDICATED BY ‘(someone)’.

TO EFFECT PASSIVE INTENTION IN ACTIVE VOICE, INSERT

**ngan-du**: someone

*ngandu* .....

*someone (did whatever...)*

**MYSTERY WORD: *dunGa...***

<b>dunGan(g)</b>	mother (thumb)	54 (2)
<b>dung(G)i</b>	cry	44
<b>dungGa...</b>	show	57
<b>dungGang</b>	big	26
<b>dungGangGiri</b>	right(hand)	26
<b>dangGa</b>	before	18
<b>dangGa</b>	shoe/foundation	9
<b>dungGa</b>	find	3
<b>dung dung</b>	marrow	2

**Tkld INVENTIONS:**

disciple / passover / generation

Tkld coined the following terms:  
disciple **wiruba-li-gan** following agent  
Passover **gawi-dwara** come-done to  
generation **wilang-NGil** behind/past place



# Mark 8:13

*Ngatun waita uwā noa barun kin birung,  
ngatun pulōngkulliella katēa kan murri nauwai ka ko waita uwa kaiyīn ko lang.*

**ngadun wada uwa nuwa barunGinbirang**

[13] And he left them,  
and entering into the ship again departed  
to the other side.

AND depart move-PH he them-all-away from

And he depart moved away from them, ...

... *ngatun pulōngkulliella katēa kan murri nauwai ka ko ...*

**ngadun bulungGaliyila gadiyagan mari nawigagu**

... and entering into the ship again ...

AND enter-be-ing-recently be-AFF-again-now big canoe [ship]-to

... and was enter-being again to [i.e. into] the ship ...

... *waita uwa kaiyīn ko lang.*

**wada uwa gayinGulang**

... departed to the other side.

depart move-PH side-towards

... (and) depart moved towards the (other) side.

## -yaga: 'again' / 'lest'

THE DERIVATIONAL SUFFIX **-yaga**  
IS USED FOR BOTH 'again' AND 'lest'.

- 189 **present** tense: **-n**
- 57 **future** tense: **-nan**
- 37 **past historic** PH and IMP!: **-∅**
- 0 **past** tense: **-yan**

## SYDNEY WORDS: mari nawi

**mari nawi**: big canoe  
SYDNEY LANGUAGE WORDS  
USED BY THE SYDNEY PEOPLE  
FOR 'ship'

## Mark 8:14

*Ɔ Yakita bara wirrobuli kan ngikoumba*

*wōngngūntilleen mankilli ko Bread nung keawai wal barun kin ba  
murrinawai ta ba butti wonto ba wakōl lo ta Loaf ta. [119]*

yagida bara wirubaligan ngigumba

[14] Now the disciples

had forgotten to take bread, neither had they in the ship with them more than one loaf.

now they-all follow-ing-agent him-of

Now they, his following-agent(s) [i.e. disciples] ...

*... wōngngūntilleen mankilli ko Bread nung ...*

wungGundiliyan manGiligu BREADnung

... had forgotten to take bread, ...

forget-AFF-ing-did take-be-ing-for BREAD-ACC

...were forgetting for taking bread, ...

**Tkld INVENTIONS:**  
disciple / passover / generation

Tkld coined the following terms:  
disciple **wiruba-li-gan** following agent  
Passover **gawi-dwara** come-done to  
generation **wilang-NGil** behind/past place

[continues next frame]

[continues from previous frame]

...*keawai wal barun kin ba murrinawai ta ba ...*

**giyawayi wal barun Ginba mari nawidaba**

... neither had they in the ship with them ...

no certainly them-all-at big canoe [ship]-at

... certainly not at [i.e. with] them at [i.e. onto]  
the ship [i.e. certainly not onto the ship] ...

**SYDNEY WORDS: mari nawi**

**mari nawi**: big canoe  
SYDNEY LANGUAGE WORDS  
USED BY THE SYDNEY PEOPLE  
FOR 'ship'

...*butti wonto ba wakōl lo ta Loaf ta. [119]*

**badi wandu ba wagulu da LOAF da**

... more than one loaf.

continue (more) instead DONE  
one-using AFFirm LOAF AFFirm

... instead more (than) using one,  
aye, loaf, aye.

**MYSTERY WORD: badi**

**badi**  
USED ONLY AS A stand-alone WORD  
DEFINED AS 'more, continue the action'  
BASIC MEANINGS FOR 'more':  
• 'additional', 'repeat' (hit him more)  
• 'larger' : (I have more than you)  
DID **badi** SERVE FOR BOTH [?]

**wandu ba: whereas / INSTEAD**

**wandu ba**  
TkId: "Whereas; a compound phrase:  
**Won**, the interrogative adverb of place,  
where? to, ...."  
RENDERED AS 'instead'.  
SOMETIMES **wandu ba** IS SPLIT, AS:  
180 **wandu ba**  
70 **wandu xxx ba**

## Mark 8:15

*Ngatun noa barun pirāl wiyā, wiyelliella,  
yakoai, Kōtta lāng, Leaven ko Pharisee koba ko, ngatun Leaven ko Herod  
ūmba ko.*

**ngadun nuwa barun biral wiya wiyiliyila**

[15] And he charged them, saying,

Take heed, beware of the leaven of the Pharisees, and of the  
leaven of Herod.

AND he them-all hard speak-PH speak-ing-recently

And he hard-spoke (to) them, speaking: ...

*... yakoai, Kōtta lāng, Leaven ko Pharisee koba ko, ...*

**yaguwayi gudalang LEAVENgu PHARISEEgubagu**

... Take heed, beware of the leaven of the Pharisees, ...

beware think-ness LEAVEN-using PHARISEE-of-using

... “Beware, (be) thinking (of the) leaven used of [i.e. by] the Pharisees, ...

**yaguwayi: BEWARE**

**yaguwayi: 'how'**  
ALSO MEANS 'beware'

*...ngatun Leaven ko Herod ūmba ko.*

**ngadun LEAVENgu HERODumbagu**

... and of the leaven of Herod.

AND LEAVEN-using HEROD-of-using

... and the leaven used of [i.e. by] Herod”.

# Mark 8:16

*Ngatun bara [wiyayelliella] wiyawiya yelliella bara bo, wiyilliella, [kulla-keawai-wal] unni ngeen Bread korien [ba-ngearun-ba] [ngalitin-Bread-korien-tin C.T.J [?]].*

**ngadun bara wiya wiyayiliyila barabu**

[16] And they reasoned among themselves, saying, It is because we have no bread.

**AND they-all speak-speak-back-RECIP-recently they-all-EMPH**

And they constantly spoke-speaking-back emphatically-they [i.e. reasoned amongst themselves], ...

*... wiyilliella, [kulla-keawai-wal] unni ngeen Bread korien [ba-ngearun-ba] [ngalitin-Bread-korien-tin C.T.J [?]].*

**wiyiliyila ani ngiyin BREADgurin**

... saying, It is because we have no bread.

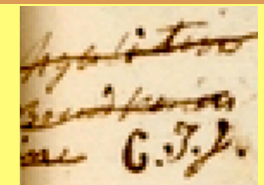
**speak-ing-recently this we-all BREAD-lacking**

... speaking: "We (are) this bread-lacking [i.e. we do not have this bread]".

**Tkld HELPERS: BB & LM**

TRANSLATION ADVISERS,  
KNOWN BY INITIALS ONLY,  
APPEAR TO HAVE INCLUDED:  
BB, LM, TJ

**Tkld HELPERS**



**ngalitin Bread korien tin**  
HELPER CTJ / CT / TJ [?]  
ACKNOWLEDGED

# Mark 8:17

*Ngatun ngurrā noa ba Jesu ko,*

*wiyā noa barun, minnaring tin nura wiya wiyān nura bo,  
wiyellilīn, unni ngeen Bread korien? wiā ngimilli korien nura,  
ngurrā korien? wiā pirālmatoara būlbūl nurun ba yakita?*

**ngadun ngara nuwa ba JESUSgu**

[17] And when Jesus knew it,  
he saith unto them, Why reason ye, because ye have no  
bread? perceive ye not yet, neither understand? have ye  
your heart yet hardened?

**AND hear-PH he WHEN/if JESUS-ERG**

And when he, Jesus, heard, ...

*... wiyā noa barun, ...*

**wiya nuwa barun**

... he saith unto them, ...

**speak-PH he them-all**

... he spoke (to) them: ...

*... minnaring tin nura wiya wiyān nura bo, ...*

**minaringdin nura wiya wiyān nurabu**

.. Why reason ye, because ...

**what-because you-all speak speak-now you-all-EMPH**

... “What because [i.e. why] do you speak-speak  
emphatically-you [i.e. amongst yourselves], ...

### minaringdin: WHY

Tkld DID NOT CONVINCINGLY  
PROVIDE A WORD FOR ‘why’,  
OTHER THAN **minaring-din** ‘what-  
because’ (AROUND 50 EXAMPLES)  
**yaguwayi** = ‘how’, BUT Tkld USES  
IT ABOUT 4 TIMES FOR ‘why’.  
WORDS FOR ‘why’ ARE  
EXPECTED TO BE IN THE FORM  
OF min..., SUCH AS **minyīn** (BB)

[continues from previous frame]

... *wiyellilīn, unni ngeen Bread korien?* ...

*wiyililin ani ngiyin BREADgurin*

.. ye have no bread? ...

speak-ing-RECIP-now this we-all BREAD-lacking

... speaking (to) yourselves: “We are lacking this bread”? ...

... *wiā ngimilli korien nura, ngurrā korien?* ...

*wiya ngimiligurin nura ngaragurin*

... perceive ye not yet, neither understand? ...

QUESTION know-ing-lacking you-all hear-lacking

... QUERY: (are) you knowing-lacking, (and) hear [i.e. understand]-lacking? ...

... *wiā pirālmatoara būlbūl nurun ba yakita?*

*wiya biralmadwara bulbul nurunba yagida*

... have ye your heart yet hardened?

QUESTION hard-make-done to heart ye-all-of now

... QUERY: (are) your hearts hard-make-endowed [i.e. hardened] now?”

## ‘heart’ METAPHOR

‘heart’: English (European?) CONCEPT OF ‘LOCUS OF SINCERITY’ UNLIKELY TO HAVE BEEN MEANINGFUL TO AN ABORIGINAL AUDIENCE OF THE TIME PERHAPS SIMPLY OMIT, AS:

*wiya biralmadwara ... nura yagida*  
... QUERY: (are) you... hardened now?”

# Mark 8:18

*Ngaikung k̄an nurun ba wiā na korien?*

*ngatun nguriung k̄an nurun ba, wiā nura ngurrung korien? ngatun wiā nura ngurrā korien*

**ngayigungGan nurunba  
wiya nagurin**

[18] Having eyes, see ye not?

and having ears, hear ye not? and do ye not remember?

eye-agent ye-all-of  
QUESTION see-lacking

Of you eye-agent(s), QUERY:  
(are you) see-lacking? ...

## PROPRIETIVE having

Tkld GAVE **gayin [-gan]** FOR PROPRIETIVE **-having**

Tkld USED IT WITH 'hath', 'had', 'having', 'have' over 40 times. PERHAPS CORRECT. ASSUMED IN NORTH DB TO BE agentive:

**-gan [gayin]** GLOSSED 'agent', 'BENESS'  
**-guwa** IS ASSUMED FOR PROPRIETIVE

"kain"	gayin	"in possession of; having"	having	Tkld/Frsr AWA Lex [212:25]
--------	-------	----------------------------	--------	----------------------------------

## DOUBTFUL Tkld TRANSLATION

*KJV Having eyes, see ye not?*

Tkld **ngayigungGan nurunba wiya nagurin**  
eye-agent ye-all-of QUESTION see-lacking

DOUBTFUL USE OF PROPRIETIVE '-having'.  
PERHAPS:

**ngayigung-Guwa wiya na-gurin nura**  
eye-having QUERY see-lacking you-all?  
*having eyes, are you see-lacking?*

## -toa / -koa COMIT / PROP / PERL

**-(ga)duwa, -guwa, -luwa, -ruwa**

	COMIT-ative	PROP-rietary	PERLative
<b>-guwa</b> <b>-duwa</b>	'in company with'	<b>having</b> [cp. PRIV <i>lacking</i> ]	<b>movement through, across, along, by.</b>

## UNATTACHED POSSESSIVE

Tkld APPEARS TO HAVE DEVISED A POSSESSIVE CONSTRUCTION FOR 'having' BUT IT WOULD NOT APPEAR TO WORK, RENDERING AN UNINTENDED MEANING:  
*your eye-agent(s) NOT you eye-having*

*... ngatun nguriung k̄an nurun ba, ...*

**ngadun nguriungGan nurunba**

... and having ears, ...

AND ear-agent ye-all-of

... and of you ear-agent(s), ...

## PROPRIETIVE having

Tkld GAVE **gayin [-gan]** FOR PROPRIETIVE **-having**

Tkld USED IT WITH 'hath', 'had', 'having', 'have' over 40 times. PERHAPS CORRECT. ASSUMED IN NORTH DB TO BE agentive:

**-gan [gayin]** GLOSSED 'agent', 'BENESS'  
**-guwa** IS ASSUMED FOR PROPRIETIVE

"kain"	gayin	"in possession of; having"	having	Tkld/Frsr AWA Lex [212:25]
--------	-------	----------------------------	--------	----------------------------------

## UNATTACHED POSSESSIVE

Tkld APPEARS TO HAVE DEVISED A POSSESSIVE CONSTRUCTION FOR 'having' BUT IT WOULD NOT APPEAR TO WORK, RENDERING AN UNINTENDED MEANING:  
*your ear-agent(s) NOT you ear-having*



[continues from previous frame]

... *wiā nura ngurrung korien?* ...

*wiya nura ngarangGurin*

.. hear ye not? ...

QUESTION you-all hear-lacking

... QUERY: (are) you hear-lacking? ...

## DOUBTFUL TkId TRANSLATION

*KJV having ears, hear ye not?*

PERHAPS:

*nguriyung-Guwa wiya ngarang-Gurin nura*  
ear-having QUERY hear-lacking you-all?  
*having ears, are you hear-lacking?*

... *ngatun wiā nura ngurrā korien*

*ngadun wiya nura ngaragurin*

... and do ye not remember?

AND QUESTION you-all hear-lacking

... and QUERY: you hear [i.e. remember]-lacking?

# Mark 8:19

*Yārbungnga bang ba Loave warān ta*

*willi koa Thousand warān toa, minnān wimbi wara pan pukkēn  
pukkēn kul mankulla nura wokka lang? Wiya bōn bara twelve ta /  
ngunta Italics!*

yarbangGa bang ba LOAF waran da

[19] When I brake the five loaves

among five thousand, how many baskets full of fragments  
took ye up? They say unto him, Twelve.

break-compel-PHI WHEN/if LOAF five AFFirm

'When I broke the five, aye, loaves ...

MYSTERY WORD: *waran*

**waran**: SEEMS TO BE EITHER four OR  
five, AS WELL AS HAVING OTHER  
MEANINGS  
COULD **waran** INDICATE PLURALITY  
RATHER THAN SPECIFICALLY 'four' ?

*... willi koa Thousand warān toa, ...*

wiliguwa THOUSAND waranduwa

... among five thousand, ...

middle-having THOUSAND five-having

... middle [i.e. among] the five thousand, ...

MYSTERY WORD: *waran*

**waran**: SEEMS TO BE EITHER four OR  
five, AS WELL AS HAVING OTHER  
MEANINGS  
COULD **waran** INDICATE PLURALITY  
RATHER THAN SPECIFICALLY 'four' ?

[continues next frame]

[continues from previous frame]

...minnān wimbi wara pan pukkēn pukkēn kul  
mankulla nura wokka lang? ...

minan wimbi waraban bagin  
baginGal manGala nura wagalang

... how many baskets full of fragments took ye up? ...

how many bowl fill-DOness piece piece-belong  
take-be-PH you-all high-ness

how many bowl(s) filled piece-belong  
[i.e. of fragments] took you highness  
[i.e. did you take up]?

-gan / -gan(g)				
ga	ba	ma	ra	la
be	do	make	URG	—
-gan	-ban	-man	-ran	-lan
agent	doer	maker		
-gang	-bang	-mang	-rang	-lang
BE ness	DO ness	MAKE ness	URG ency	HAPpen ness

**ANGLICISM waga: 'up'**

Tkld TRANSLATED ENGLISH IDIOMATIC 'up' LITERALLY IN SUCH INSTANCES AS: grow up, go up, lift up (raise), stand up, rise up, look up, carry up, spring up, pluck up, climb up, take up, bear up, sit up, jump up, run up, fill up,,

THE MILD EMPHATIC 'up' SHOULD NOT BE TRANSLATED LITERALLY INTO OTHER LANGUAGES, THE up-ness BEING ALREADY IMPLIED IN THE VERB FORM OF THE TARGET LANGUAGE

... Wiya bōn bara twelve ta /ngunta Italics./

wiya bun bara TWELVE da \anda\

... They say unto him, Twelve.

speak-PH they-all TWELVE AFFirm there

... They spoke (to) him: "Twelve, aye".

# Mark 8:20

*Ngatun Seven ta ba willi koa Thousand Four ta koa,  
minnān wimbi warapān pukkēn- [121] pukkēn kul mankulla nura wokka lang? Ngatun bara  
wiya bōn, Seven ta unta. [21 Yakoai ke ngurrung korien nura? 22 f]*

**ngadun SEVEN da ba wiliguwa THOUSAND FOURdaguwa**

[20] And when the seven among four thousand,  
how many baskets full of fragments took ye up? And they said, Seven.

**AND SEVEN AFFirm WHEN/if middle-having  
THOUSAND FOUR-AFFirm-having**

“And when seven, aye, among four thousand, aye, ...

### da FUNCTIONS

da AFFirm  
da ABSTR  
-da LOCative  
da .....

### MS ERROR [?] Clitic da

**FOUR da guwa**  
PERHAPS ERROR FOR

**FOURguwa da**

“Most Australian languages have a small set of *clitics*. These can be added to any type of word and always follow the final inflection; ...” [Dixon 1980 284:22]

*... minnān wimbi warapān pukkēn- [121]  
pukkēn kul mankulla nura wokka lang? ...*

**minan wimbi waraban bagin  
bagingal manGala nura wagalang**

... how many baskets full of fragments took ye up? ...

**how many bowl fill-DOness piece piece-belong  
take-be-PH you-all highness**

... how many bowl(s) filled part(s)-belong [i.e. of fragments]  
took you highness [i.e. did you take up?]” ...

### -gan / -gan(g)

ga	ba	ma	ra	la
be	do	make	URG	—
-gan	-ban	-man	-ran	-lan
agent	doer	maker		
-gang	-bang	-mang	-rang	-lang
BE ness	DO ness	MAKE ness	URG ency	HAPpen ness

### ANGLICISM waga: ‘up’

Tkld TRANSLATED ENGLISH IDIOMATIC ‘up’ LITERALLY IN SUCH INSTANCES AS: grow up, go up, lift up (raise), stand up, rise up, look up, carry up, spring up, pluck up, climb up, take up, bear up, sit up, jump up, run up, fill up,,  
THE MILD EMPHATIC ‘up’ SHOULD NOT BE TRANSLATED LITERALLY INTO OTHER LANGUAGES, THE up-ness BEING ALREADY IMPLIED IN THE VERB FORM OF THE TARGET LANGUAGE

*...Ngatun bara wiya bōn, Seven ta unta. [21 Yakoai ke ngurrung korien nura? 22 f]*

**ngadun bara wiya bun SEVEN da anda**

... And they said, Seven.

**AND they-all speak-PH him SEVEN AFFirm there**

... And they spoke (to) him: “Seven, aye, there”.

## Mark 8:21

*Ngatun noa wiyā barun,*  
*yakoai ke nura ngurrung korien?*

**ngadun nuwa wiya barun**

[21] And he said unto them,  
How is it that ye do not understand?

AND he speak-PH them-all

And he spoke (to) them: ...

*... yakoai ke nura ngurrung korien?*

**yaguwayi gi nura ngarangGurin**

... How is it that ye do not understand?

how be you-all hear-lacking

... “How be you hear-lacking [i.e. not understand]?”

### VERB ‘to be’

ACCORDING TO R.M.W. DIXON,  
“Most Australian languages lack  
any verb ‘to be’” [Dixon 1980  
491:12]  
IF THIS IS THE CASE FOR  
Awabakal, **ga / gi** ‘be’  
WOULD BE A TkId INVENTION.

*Ɔ Ngatun uwā noa Bethsaida;*

*ngatun bara yemamā bon wakōl ngung munmin kān ngikoung kin, ngatun pirāl wiyā bōn numulli ko bōn.*

**ngadun uwa nuwa BETHSAIDA**

[22] And he cometh to Bethsaida;

and they bring a blind man unto him, and besought him to touch him.

AND move-PH he BETHSAIDA

And he moved (to) Bethsaida; ...

*... ngatun bara yemamā bon wakōl ngung munmin kān ngikoung kin, ...*

**ngadun bara yimama bun wagulngung manminGan ngigungGin**

... and they bring a blind man unto him, ...

AND they-all lead-make-PH him one-ACC blind-agent him-at

... and they led him, one blind-agent, at [i.e. to] him, ...

**wagul ARTICLE**

AUSTRALIAN LANGUAGES DO NOT HAVE DEFINITE ARTICLES [Dixon 1980 276:6; 2002 66:35] Tkld's USE OF wagul 'one' FOR THE INDEFINITE ARTICLE IS PERHAPS HIS INVENTION

**-kin /-din: CAUS/LOC/ALL/PERL**

IN THE Luke, Mark, Matthew GOSPELS & PRAYERS, THE SUFFIXES SIGNIFY:

	CAUS because	LOC at	ALL to	PERL thru/by
<b>-gin</b>	5	93	46	–
<b>-din</b>	168	25	–	8
<b>-lin</b>	12	–	–	–
<b>-rin</b>	2	–	–	5

*... ngatun pirāl wiyā bōn numulli ko bōn.*

**ngadun biral wiya bun numaligu bun**

... and besought him to touch him.

AND hard speak-PH him touch-make-ing-for him

... and hard-spoke [i.e. besought] him for [i.e. to be] touching him.

**SPECIAL WORD: tempt/touch/ try/teach**

		tempt	touch	try	teach	taste
nu	ba/i	5	2	5		
nu	da					2
nu	gi	4		3		
nu	ma/i	6	30	6		
nu	wi	3		2		
nu	ya/i				3	

# Mark 8:23

*Ngatun noa numā bon mutturrin,  
ngatun yemmamā bōn warai ka ko korkere karing ka ko; ngatun  
kurrāng ko upā ta la [?] noa ba Ngaikung kin ngikoung kin;  
ngatun numa ta la [?] mutturrō ngikoumba ko ngikoung kin ba,  
wiyā ngaiya bōn noa wiā noa<sub>1</sub> minnung<sub>2</sub> natān?*

**ngadun nuwa numa bun madarin**

[23] And he took the blind man by the hand,  
and led him out of the town; and when he had spit on his eyes, and put his hands

**AND he touch-make-PH him  
hand-because (through/by)**

And he touched him by the hand, ...

## SPECIAL WORD: tempt/touch/ try/teach

		tempt	touch	try	teach	taste
nu	ba/i	5	2	5		
nu	da					2
nu	gi	4		3		
nu	ma/i	6	30	6		
nu	wi	3		2		
nu	ya/i				3	

## -kin /-din: CAUS/LOC/ALL/PERL

IN THE Luke, Mark, Matthew GOSPELS  
& PRAYERS, THE SUFFIXES SIGNIFY:

	CAUS because	LOC at	ALL to	PERL thru/by
<b>-gin</b>	5	<b>93</b>	46	–
<b>-din</b>	168	25	–	8
<b>-lin</b>	12	–	–	–
<b>-rin</b>	2	–	–	5

*... ngatun yemmamā bōn warai ka ko korkere karing ka ko; ...*

**ngadun yimama bun warayigagu gugiri garingGagu**

... and led him out of the town; ...

**AND lead-make-PH him outside-to hut all [town]-to**

... and led him to outside to the town; ...

## OUTSIDE: warayi / waraba

Tkld GENERALLY USED **warayi**  
FOR 'outside', BUT ON ABOUT 4  
OCCASIONS USED **waraba**  
OTHER USE: **wara-ba**: fill-PH

## Tkld INVENTIONS: property / town / kingdom

Tkld coined the following terms:  
property: **dalugang** hold-BE-ness  
town **gugiri garing** hut all  
kingdom **biriwal-guba** chief-of [kingdom]

[continues next frame]

[continues from previous frame]

*...ngatun kurrāng ko upā ta la noa ba Ngaikung kin ngikoung kin; ...*

**ngadun garangGu ubadala nuwa ba ngayigungGin ngigungGin**

... and when he had spit on his eyes, ...

AND foam-using do-AFF-PH he WHEN/if eye-at him-at

... and when, using spit, he did at him [i.e. in his] eye; ...

**-kin /-din: CAUS/LOC/ALL/PERL**

IN THE Luke, Mark, Matthew GOSPELS & PRAYERS, THE SUFFIXES SIGNIFY:

	CAUS because	LOC at	ALL to	PERL thru/by
-gin	5	93	46	–
-din	168	25	–	8
-lin	12	–	–	–
-rin	2	–	–	5

*...ngatun numa ta la mutturrō ngikoumba ko ngikoung kin ba, ...*

**ngadun numadala madaru ngigumbaGu ngigungGinba**

... and put his hands upon him, ...

AND touch-make-AFF-PH hand-using him-of-using him-at

... and touched at-him using his hand, ...

**SPECIAL WORD: tempt/touch/ try/teach**

		tempt	touch	try	teach	taste
nu	ba/i	5	2	5		
nu	da					2
nu	gi	4		3		
nu	ma/i	6	30	6		
nu	wi	3		2		
nu	ya/i				3	

*... wiyā ngaiya bōn noa wiā noa<sub>1</sub> minnung<sub>2</sub> natān?*

**wiya ngaya bun nuwa wiya nuwa minang nadan**

... he asked him if he saw ought.

speak-PH then him he QUESTION he what see-AFF-now

... he then spoke (to) him: “QUERY: he, what sees?”



## Mark 8:24

*Ngatun noa nakilliella wokka lang,*

*ngatun noa wiyā, natān barun bang kore, kokai tāra kiloa watawalli[ella]līn.*

**ngadun nuwa nagiliyila wagalang**

[24] And he looked up,  
and said, I see men as trees, walking.

**AND he see-be-ing-recently high-ness**

And he was seeing highness [i.e. looking up], ...

### ANGLICISM waga: 'up'

Tkld TRANSLATED ENGLISH IDIOMATIC 'up' LITERALLY IN SUCH INSTANCES AS: grow up, go up, lift up (raise), stand up, rise up, look up, carry up, spring up, pluck up, climb up, take up, bear up, sit up, jump up, run up, fill up,,  
THE MILD EMPHATIC 'up' SHOULD NOT BE TRANSLATED LITERALLY INTO OTHER LANGUAGES, THE up-ness BEING ALREADY IMPLIED IN THE VERB FORM OF THE TARGET LANGUAGE

*... ngatun noa wiyā, ...*

**ngadun nuwa wiya**

... and said, ...

**AND he speak-PH**

... and he spoke: ...

[continues next frame]

[continues from previous frame]

... *natān barun bang kore, ...*

**nadan barun bang guri**

... I see men ...

see-AFF-now them-all I man

... “I see them, the men, ...

... *kokai tāra kiloa watawali[eḥa]līn.*

**gugayidaragiluwa wada walilin**

... as trees, walking.

timber-PLUR like depart move-ing-ing-now

... like trees, constantly depart-moving [i.e. walking away]”.

**-giluwa: -LIKE**

**-giluwa** like  
... A SUFFIX, NOT A  
STAND-ALONE WORD

# Mark 8:25

*Yukita unta numēa kān mutturrō  
ngikung kin ngikoung kin,  
ngatun namun bēa [123] bōn wokka lang: ngatun [nəa] bōn  
murrōng umā, ngatun nakulla barun yāntīn kore mikki  
mikki lang.*

yugida anda numiyagan madaru  
ngayigungGin ngigungGin

[25] After that he put his hands again upon his eyes,  
and made him look up: and he was restored, and saw every man clearly.

after there touch-make-again-now  
hand-using eye-at him-at

There after (he) tries [i.e. placed] again  
using his hands at [i.e. on] his eyes,

**MS ERROR**

**ngigungGin ngigungGin**  
him-at him-at  
MS ERROR FOR  
**ngayigung-Gin ngigung-Gin**  
eye-at him-at

**SPECIAL WORD: tempt/touch/ try/teach**

		tempt	touch	try	teach	taste
nu	ba/i	5	2	5		
nu	da					2
nu	gi	4		3		
nu	ma/i	6	30	6		
nu	wi	3		2		
nu	ya/i				3	

**-kin /-din: CAUS/LOC/ALL/PERL**

IN THE Luke, Mark, Matthew GOSPELS & PRAYERS, THE SUFFIXES SIGNIFY:

	CAUS because	LOC at	ALL to	PERL thru/by
<b>-gin</b>	5	<b>93</b>	46	–
<b>-din</b>	168	25	–	8
<b>-lin</b>	12	–	–	–
<b>-rin</b>	2	–	–	5

**-yaga: 'again' / 'lest'**

THE DERIVATIONAL SUFFIX **-yaga** IS USED FOR BOTH 'again' AND 'lest'.

189 **present** tense: **-n**  
57 **future** tense: **-nan**  
37 **past historic** PH and IMP!: **-∅**  
0 **past** tense: **-yan**

... ngatun namun bēa [123] bōn wokka lang: ...

ngadun namanbiya bun wagalang

... and made him look up: ...

AND see-permit-PH him high-ness

... and permitted him to see highness [i.e. look up]: ...

**ANGLICISM waga: 'up'**

Tkld TRANSLATED ENGLISH IDIOMATIC 'up' LITERALLY IN SUCH INSTANCES AS: grow up, go up, lift up (raise), stand up, rise up, look up, carry up, spring up, pluck up, climb up, take up, bear up, sit up, jump up, run up, fill up,, THE MILD EMPHATIC 'up' SHOULD NOT BE TRANSLATED LITERALLY INTO OTHER LANGUAGES, THE up-ness BEING ALREADY IMPLIED IN THE VERB FORM OF THE TARGET LANGUAGE

[continues from previous frame]

...ngatun [n̩θ̩æ] bōn murrorōng umā, ...

**ngadun bun marurung uma**

... and he was restored, ...

AND him good make-PH

... and made him good [i.e. whole], ...

...ngatun nakulla barun yāntīn kore mikki mikki lang.

**ngadun nagala barun yandin guri migi migilang**

... and saw every man clearly.

AND see-be-PH them-all all man clear clear-ness

... and (he) saw them, all the men, clear clear-ness [i.e. clearly].

# Mark 8:26

*Ngatun noa yukā bōn kokerā kolang  
ngikoung kai kolang, wiyelliella,  
yari bi uwannun murraring kokere karing ka ko, yari bi wiyennun  
tarai nung kokerā karing ka ta ko.*

**ngadun nuwa yuga bun gugiragulang  
ngigungGayigulang wiyiliyila**

[26] And he sent him away to his house, saying,  
Neither go into the town, nor tell it to any in the town.

AND he send-PH him hut-towards  
him-of-towards speak-ing-recently

And he sent him towards his house, saying: ...

*... yari bi uwannun murraring kokere karing ka ko, ...*

**yari bi uwanan mararing gugiri garingGagu**

... Neither go into the town, ...

stop thou move-will inside hut all [town]-to

... “Stop, you will move [i.e. you shall not move]  
inside to the hut-all [i.e. into the town], ...

## DOUBTFUL AGREEMENT

KJV *he sent him away to his house*  
Tkld **nuwa yuga bun gugiragulang  
ngigungGayigulang**  
PERHAPS BETTER AS:  
**nuwa yuga bun gugiragulang ngigumba**  
he sent him house-towards him-of  
*he sent him towards his house*

## -gayi / --bayi: because, at, ITEM

IN THE Luke, Mark, Matthew GOSPELS  
& PRAYERS, THE SUFFIXES SIGNIFY,  
about (concerning) **because at ITEM**

<b>-gayi</b>	42	<b>41</b>	12
<b>-bayi</b>	–	–	3
<b>-dayi</b>	–	–	2
<b>-wayi</b>	–	–	4

## IRREGULAR SUFFIX [?]

**ngigungGayi**  
POSSIBLE MS  
ALTERNATIVE FOR  
**ngigung-Ga**

## PRONOUN IRREGULARITIES

	REGULAR	IRREGULAR
3sgGEN	<b>ngigumba</b>	<b>ngigungGa</b>
3sgLOC	<b>ngigungGinba</b>	<b>ngigungGada</b>
3plGEN	<b>barunba</b>	<b>barunGa</b>

AND VARIANTS WITH **ngirung, nurun**, etc.

## Tkld INVENTIONS: property / town / kingdom

Tkld coined the following terms:  
property: **dalugang** hold-BE-ness  
town **gugiri garing** hut all  
kingdom **biriwal-guba** chief-of [kingdom]

[continues from previous frame]

...yari bi wiyennun tarai nung kokerā karing ka ta ko.

yari bi wiyinan darayinung  
gugira garingGadagu

... nor tell it to any in the town.

stop thou speak-will other-ACC hut all [town]-at-to

... Stop, you will speak [i.e. you shall not speak] to (any) other(s) at [i.e. in] all the hut-all [i.e. town]”.

**Tkld INVENTIONS:**  
property / town / kingdom

Tkld coined the following terms:

property:	<b>dalugang</b>	hold-BE-ness
town	<b>gugiri garing</b>	hut all
kingdom	<b>biriwal-guba</b>	chief-of [kingdom]

**ka ta / -ka ta**

SOME 80 INSTANCES OF

**ka ta:** ga da.

INTERPRETATIONS:

be AFFirm:	be, aye
xxx-at AFFirm	xxx-at, aye
<b>ngigungGada</b>	him-of-at
<b>ngigungGadagu</b>	him-of-to

# Mark 8:27

*Ɔ Ngatun Jesu ko noa waita uwā warai ta ko*

*ngatun bara wirrobulli kān ngikoumba murraring kolāng kokere karing kolang  
Caesarea Phillipi kolang: ngatun yapung koa ka ta wiyā ngaiya noa barūn  
wirrobulli kān [ngantō] ngikoumba, Ngan[tō]kē kore ko wiyā ngatoa ba [or bo]?*

**ngadun JESUSgu nuwa wada uwa warayidagu**

27. And Jesus went out,  
and his disciples, into the towns of Caesarea  
Philippi: and by the way he asked his disciples,

**AND JESUS-ERG he depart move-PH outside-to**

And he, Jesus, depart-moved to outside, ...

**ANGLICISM warayi 'out'**  
Tkld TRANSLATED ENGLISH  
IDIOMATIC 'out' LITERALLY IN  
SUCH INSTANCES AS: pluck out.,  
THIS IS AN ENGLISH IDIOM  
ELABORATING ON 'pluck'; IT DOES  
NOT MEAN 'pluck outside' THE 'out'  
IS PERHAPS A MILD EMPHATIC]

**OUTSIDE: warayi / waraba**  
Tkld GENERALLY USED **warayi**  
FOR 'outside', BUT ON ABOUT 4  
OCCASIONS USED **waraba**  
OTHER USE: **wara-ba**: fill-PH

*... ngatun bara wirrobulli kān ngikoumba ...*

**ngadun bara wirubaligan ngigumba**

.. and his disciples, ...

**AND they-all follow-ing-agent him-of**

... and they, his following-agent(s) [i.e. disciples], ...

**Tkld INVENTIONS:**  
disciple / passover / generation  
Tkld coined the following terms:  
disciple **wiruba-li-gan** following agent  
Passover **gawi-dwara** come-done to  
generation **wilang-NGil** behind/past place

*... murraring kolāng kokere karing kolang Caesarea Phillipi kolang: ...*

**mararingGulang gugiri garingGulang  
CAESAREA PHILLIPIgulang**

... into the towns of Caesarea Philippi: ...

**inside-towards hut all [town]-towards  
CAESAREA PHILLIPI-towards**

... into towards the hut-all [i.e. town(s)]  
towards [i.e. of] Caesarea Philippi: ...

**Tkld INVENTIONS:**  
property / town / kingdom  
Tkld coined the following terms:  
property: **dalugang** hold-BE-ness  
town **gugiri garing** hut all  
kingdom **biriwal-guba** chief-of [kingdom]

**DOUBTFUL Tkld TRANSLATION**  
*KJV into the towns ...*  
Tkld **mararingGulang gugiri garingGulang**  
inside-towards town-towards  
THIS MEANS 'towards the inside', NOT  
'into', WHY NOT SIMPLE LOCative  
WITHOUT AGREEMENT:  
**gugiri garingGulang CAESAREA PHILLIPIga**  
town-towards Caesarea Philippi-at  
*towards the town(s) at Caesarea Philippi*

[continues from previous frame]

...ngatun yapung koa ka ta wiyā ngaiya noa  
barūn wirrobulli kān [ngantə] ngikoumba, ...

ngadun yabangGuwaga da wiya ngaya  
nuwa barun wirubaligan ngigumba

... and by the way he asked his  
disciples, saying unto them, ...

AND path-having (through/by)-at AFFirm speak-PH  
then he them-all follow-ing-agent him-of

... and by at the path, aye, he then spoke (to) them,  
his following-agent(s) [i.e. disciples]: ...

ka ta / -ka ta

SOME 80 INSTANCES OF

ka ta: ga da.

INTERPRETATIONS:

be AFFirm:	be, aye
xxx-at AFFirm	xxx-at, aye
ngigungGada	him-of-at
ngigungGadagu	him-of-to

DOUBTFUL TkId TRANSLATION

KJV and by the way

THIS MEANS 'while going along', NOT  
'beside the path' AS TkId TRANSLATES IT.  
TkId DID NOT RECORD WORDS FOR 'while'  
OR 'going along', SO IT IS NECESSARY TO  
GUESS. PERHAPS:

ngadun uwa uwa-li-guwa wiya ngaya nuwa  
and move move-ing-having speak-PH then he  
while going along he then spoke

TkId INVENTIONS:  
disciple / passover / generation

TkId coined the following terms:

disciple	wiruba-li-gan	following agent
Passover	gawi-dwara	come-done to
generation	wilang-NGil	behind/past place

...Ngan[tə]ke kore ko  
wiyā ngatoa ba [or bo]?

ngan Gi gurigu wiya  
ngaduwa ba [or bu]

... Whom do men say that I am?

who be man-ERG speak I  
DONE [or EMPH]

... "Who be the man speak I  
done [i.e. am] [OR emphatically I  
[i.e. I really am]?"

VERB 'to be'

ACCORDING TO R.M.W. DIXON,  
"Most Australian languages lack  
any verb 'to be'" [Dixon 1980  
491:12]

IF THIS IS THE CASE FOR  
Awabakal, ga / gi 'be'  
WOULD BE A TkId INVENTION.

DIFFICULT SENTENCE

THIS SENTENCE WOULD APPEAR TO TRANSLATE AS:

who be / men speak / emphatically I

AS THE WORDS CAN BE IN ANY ORDER, IT WOULD MEAN e.g.

The man [i.e. men], really I, spoke who be

WHICH SEEMS ESSENTIALLY MEANINGLESS,  
AS ARE OTHER WORD ARRANGEMENTS.

PERHAPS NEED TO SAY:

Who is he, that fellow, the man [i.e. men] speak (that) I am.  
SO PERHAPS

ngan Gi ngala-nung, guri-gu wiya ngaduwa bu gi  
who be that-fellow-ACC, man-ERG speak I-EMPH be  
Who be that fellow, men speak (that) I be?

[VERY SPECULATIVE TRANSLATION]



## Mark 8:28

*Ngatun bara wiyayelliella,*

*John ta ba Kurrimulli kan ta ba: wonto ba winta  
kan [t̪ar̪əi] to wiyān Elias ta ba: ngatun tarai  
kan to, wakōl bo ta ba Prophets ko ba ta.*

**ngadun bara wiyayiliyila**

[28] And they answered,

John the Baptist: but some say, Elias; and  
others, One of the prophets.

**AND they-all speak-back-ing-recently**

And they were speaking back [i.e. answering]: ...

*... John ta ba Kurrimulli kan ta ba: ...*

**JOHN da ba garimaligan da ba**

... John the Baptist: ...

**JOHN AFFirm DONE deep-make-ing-agent AFFirm DONE**

... “John, aye, done, the deep-making-agent, aye,  
done [i.e. the baptist]” [i.e. John the Baptist]; ...

[continues next frame]

[continues from previous frame]

... *wonto ba winta kan [tarai] to wiyān Elias ta ba: ...*

wandu ba windagandu wiyān ELIAS da ba

... but some say, Elias; ...

instead DONE part-agent-ERG speak-now ELIAS AFFirm DONE

... instead, part-agent(s) [i.e. some] say: "Elias, aye, done"; ...

wandu ba: whereas / INSTEAD

wandu ba  
Tkld: "Whereas; a compound phrase: **Won**, the interrogative adverb of place, where? to, ...."  
RENDERED AS 'instead'.  
SOMETIMES **wandu ba** IS SPLIT, AS:  
180 **wandu ba**  
70 **wandu xxx ba**

... *ngatun tarai kan to, wakōl bo ta ba Prophets ko ba ta.*

ngadun darayigandu wagulbu da  
ba PROPHETSguba da

... and others, One of the prophets.

AND other-agent-ERG one-EMPH AFFirm  
DONE PROPHETS-of AFFirm

... and other-agent(s) [i.e. other(s)]: "Emphatically-one, aye, of the prophets, aye".

-bu da: EMPHatic AFFirm

Tkld USES THE EMPHATIC  
AFFIRMATION **-bu da** OVER 60 TIMES:  
LUKE: 20; MARK 42; MATTHEW 2

"-bo-ta."	-bu da	"Only: a compound of bo, self: ta, it is, meaning it is that self same thing only to which it is affixed; thus- <i>wakōl-bo-ta</i> , one only, one by itself, one alone."	[only]	Tkld AWA Key 1850 [52:29 ]
-----------	--------	---	--------	--

MS ERROR [?]

*wakōl bo ta ba*  
wagulbu da ba  
THIS IS THE ONLY EXAMPLE OF **-bu da ba**. ASSUME MS ERROR FOR **wagulbu da**: one-EMPH AFFirm

# Mark 8:29

*Ngatun noa barun wiyā,*

*wiā wonto ba [Yakoai] nura wiyān Ngatoa bo kuttān? or Ngan ke [125] ngatun noa Peter rō wiyayellīn ngatun wiyā bōn, ngintoa bo ta Christ bo ta.*

**ngadun nuwa barun wiya**

[29] And he saith unto them,

But whom say ye that I am? And Peter answereth and saith unto him, Thou art the Christ.

**AND he them-all speak-PH**

**And he spoke (to) them: ...**

*... wiā wonto ba [Yakoai] nura wiyān Ngatoa bo kuttān? or Ngan ke [125] ...*

**wiya wandu ba [yaguwayi] nura wiyān ngaduwabu gadan \OR ngan gi\**

**... But whom say ye that I am? ...**

**QUESTION instead DONE [how] you-all speak-now I-EMPH be-AFF-now \ OR who be\**

**... “QUERY: instead [how] (do) you speak emphatically-I be? \ OR who be (I)\” ...**

## wandu ba: whereas / INSTEAD

**wandu ba**

Tkld: “Whereas; a compound phrase: **Won**, the interrogative adverb of place, where? to, ....”

RENDERED AS ‘instead’.

SOMETIMES **wandu ba** IS SPLIT, AS:

180 **wandu ba**

70 **wandu xxx ba**

## yaguwayi: HOW

INTERROGATIVE ‘how’: **yaguwayi**  
ENGLISH **how** HAS SEVERAL MEANINGS, e.g.:

- interrogative ‘How does it work?’
- in what manner ‘I don’t know how to do it’
- what quality ‘How was the movie today?’
- modifier ‘How funny that is’
- = ‘what’ ‘How about some dinner?’

**yaguwayi**: PROBABLY FIRST MEANING

## VERB ‘to be’

ACCORDING TO R.M.W. DIXON, “Most Australian languages lack any verb ‘to be’” [Dixon 1980 491:12]

IF THIS IS THE CASE FOR Awabakal, **ga / gi** ‘be’ WOULD BE A Tkld INVENTION.

[continues from previous frame]

...ngatun noa Peter rō wiyayellīn ngatun wiyā bōn, ...

ngadun nuwa PETERu wiyayilin ngadun wiya bun

... And Peter answereth and saith unto him, ...

AND he PETER-ERG speak-back-ing-now AND speak-PH him

... And he, Peter, is speaking-back [i.e. answering], and spoke (to) him: ...

...ngintoa bo ta Christ bo ta.

nginduwabu da CHRISTbu da

... Thou art the Christ.

thou-EMPH AFFirm CHRIST-EMPH AFFirm

... “Emphatically-you, aye [i.e. are] emphatically-Christ, aye”.

**-bu da: EMPHatic AFFirm**

Tkld USES THE EMPHATIC AFFIRMATION **-bu da** OVER 60 TIMES: LUKE: 20; MARK 42; MATTHEW 2

"-bo-ta."

-bu da

"Only: a compound of bo, self: ta, it is, meaning it is that self same thing only to which it is affixed; thus-wakōl-bo-ta, one only, one by itself, one alone."

[only]

Tkld  
AWA  
Key  
1850  
[52:29 ]

# Mark 8:30

*Ngatun noa barun pirāl wiyā*  
*wiyēa kun koa bara tarai nung kore nung ngikoung kai.*

**ngadun nuwa barun biral wiya**

[30] And he charged them  
 that they should tell no man of him.

AND he them-all hard speak-PH

And he hard-spoke [i.e. charged] them, ...

... *wiyēa kun koa bara tarai nung*  
*kore nung ngikoung kai.*

**wiyiyaganGuwa bara darayinung**  
**gurinung ngigungGayi**

... that they should tell no man of him.

speak-lest-now-having they-all  
 other-ACC man-ACC him-at

... lest they be speaking (to) [i.e.  
 that they should not tell] other men  
 because of [i.e. about] him.

## -yaga: 'again' / 'lest'

THE DERIVATIONAL SUFFIX **-yaga**  
 IS USED FOR BOTH 'again' AND 'lest'.

- 189 present tense: **-n**
- 57 future tense: **-nan**
- 37 past historic PH and IMP!: **-∅**
- 0 past tense: **-yan**

POSSIBLE: more [10]; emph [13]

DOUBTFUL **-yaga**  
**wiyi-yaga-nGuwa**: speak-lest-  
 now-having  
 'again' / 'lest' INCONGRUENT

## DOUBTFUL Tkld TRANSLATION

KJV *they should tell no man*  
 Tkld **wiyiyaganGuwa bara darayinung**  
**gurinung**  
 speak-lest-now-having they-all other-  
 ACC man-ACC  
 Tkld SEEMS TO HAVE OMITTED A  
 NEGATIVE, PERHAPS:  
**wiyi-yaga-n-Guwa gurin** ... lacking  
 OR **yari wiyi-yaga-n-Guwa** stop ...  
 OR **wiyi-yaga-n-Guwa bara giyawayi**  
**darayi-nung guri-nung** ... no ...

## -gayi / --bayi: because, at, ITEM

IN THE Luke, Mark, Matthew GOSPELS  
 & PRAYERS, THE SUFFIXES SIGNIFY,  
 about (concerning) **because at ITEM**

<b>-gayi</b>	42	<b>41</b>	12
<b>-bayi</b>	–	–	3
<b>-dayi</b>	–	–	2
<b>-wayi</b>	–	–	4



[continues from previous frame]

...ngatun warikunnun wal bon bāra /Presbuterrō or/Ngurrokul lo ...

ngadun wariganan wal bun bara ELDERu \OR ngarugalu\

.. and be rejected of the elders, ...

AND reject-will certainly him they-all ELDER-ERG \OR old-belong-ERG\

... and they, the ELDERS \OR old-mob [i.e. elders]\, will certainly reject him ...

**MISSING TRANSLATION**

Tkld DID NOT TRANSLATE THE PHRASE  
'and of the chief priests,'.

PERHAPS:

ngadun biriwal-guba PRIEST-guba  
and chief-of priest-of  
and of the chief priests

.....

[ngadun biriwalu PRIESTgu]

...and of the chief priests, ...

[and chief-ERG priest-ERG]

[and the chief priests]

**SPECIAL WORD: chief priest**

THERE ARE 37 INSTANCES OF 'chief priest'

- 9 biriwal PRIEST
- 8 biriwalu PRIESTgu
- 4 biriwal PRIESTguba
- 1 biriwalgubagagu PRIESTgubagagu
- 15 [other variants]
- 15 adjective-noun suffix agreement
- 22 no agreement
- 4 probably incorrect (biriwal PRIESTguba)

**MISSING TRANSLATION**

AS Tkld DID NOT PROVIDE  
A TRANSLATION ,

**THIS WORDING**

IS PROPOSED.

...ngatun Grammateu to ngatun [~~būnnun~~] tetti bung ngunnnun; ,,,

ngadun SCRIBEdu ngadun didibangGanan

... and scribes, and be killed, ...

AND SCRIBE-ERG AND dead-do-compel-will

... and scribes, and (someone) will compel (him) to die; ...

**PASSIVE IGNORED**

Tkld OFTEN RENDERS THE  
PASSIVE IN THE ACTIVE  
VOICE. IN SUCH INSTANCES,  
THE UNIDENTIFIED SUBJECT  
OF PASSIVE USAGES IS  
INDICATED BY '(someone)'.

TO EFFECT PASSIVE INTENTION  
IN ACTIVE VOICE, INSERT

ngan-du: someone

ngandu .....

someone (did whatever...)

[continues from previous frame]

...ngatun yakita [yugida [?] ] mureung purreung ka ngoro kul ...

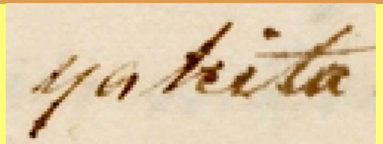
ngadun yugida muriyang bariyangGa ngurugal

... and after three days ...

AND after forward daylight-at three-belong

... and after at three daylight(s) forward ...

DOUBTFUL TkId MS



yugida: 'after'  
OR  
yagida: 'now' [?]

...boungkulleā kunnun [... think this is [?] to prefer [??].]  
ngaiya \or is boungkatea kunnun.

bungGaliyaganan **ngaya**  
\OR IS **bungGadiyaganan**\

... rise again.

rise-be-ing-again-will then \OR rise-be-AFF-again-will\

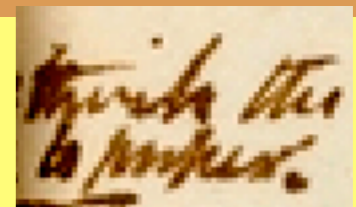
... will then be rising again.

**-yaga: 'again' / 'lest'**

THE DERIVATIONAL SUFFIX **-yaga** IS USED FOR BOTH 'again' AND 'lest'.

189	present tense: -n
57	future tense: -nan
37	past historic PH and IMP!: -∅
0	past tense: -yan

DOUBTFUL TkId MS



[I] think this [?]  
[is] to prefer [?]



# Mark 8:32

*Ngatun noa wiyā unnoa wiyelli ta wokka lang  
or Mikān ta kore ka ko [/openly/].*

*Ngatun Peterrō bōn mankulla, ngatun kōa kēa ngaiya [/began/] bōn.*

**ngadun nuwa wiya anuwa wiyili da wagalang  
\OR miganda gurigagu\** [openly]

[32] And he spake that saying openly.

And Peter took him, and began to rebuke him.

AND he speak-PH that speak-ing AFFirm high-ness  
\OR in front-at man-to/ [[openly]]

And he spoke that, speaking, aye, highly [or  
in front at to [i.e. in front of] the men]. ...

*... Ngatun Peterrō bōn mankulla, ...*

**ngadun PETERu bun manGala**

... And Peter took him, ...

AND PETER-ERG him take-be-PH

... And Peter took him, ...

*... ngatun kōa kēa ngaiya [/began/] bōn.*

**ngadun guwagiya ngaya bun**

... and began to rebuke him.

AND scold-be-PH then him

... and then scolded him.

## DOUBTFUL TkId TRANSLATION

*KJV And he spake that saying openly*

PERHAPS BETTER:

*ngadun anuwa wiya nuwa wiyiliyila  
duluwa*

AND that speak-PH he speak-ing-recently  
straight

*And he stated that, speaking directly*

## DOUBTFUL INTENSIFIER waga

**waga** = 'high'

DOUBTFUL IF ITS USE AS AN  
INTENSIFIER [e.g. 'loud'] WOULD  
HAVE BEEN MEANINGFUL TO  
AN ABORIGINAL AUDIENCE.

PERHAPS INSTEAD: **gawal** 'big'

## UNIDENTIFIED TERMS

begin	INCHOative / INCEPtive
under	
until	
having	PROPriative
could	gayu-gan, gayu-gurin
except	

# Mark 8:33

**Wonto ba noa warkulleen willung**  
ngatun nakilliliella or nakilleen barun wirrobuli kan, koakēa  
ngaiya noa [baxx] bōn Peter nung, wiyelliella, yuring bi [127]  
willung koa emmoung kin ko Satan: or Yuring bi Satan  
kauwa bi willung ka emmoung kin: kulla wal keawarān bi  
ngurrā korien unnoa tāra minnungbo minnungbo Eloī koba;  
wonto [ngxx] unni tāra minnung bo minnung bo kore koba.

wandu ba nuwa wargaliyan wilang

[33] But when he had turned about  
and looked on his disciples, he rebuked Peter, saying, Get thee  
behind me, Satan: for thou savourest not the things that be of  
God, but the things that be of men.

instead DONE he turn-be-ing-did behind\return

Instead he was turning behind [i.e. around] ...

wandu ba: whereas / INSTEAD

wandu ba

Tkld: “Whereas; a compound phrase:  
**Won**, the interrogative adverb of place,  
where? to, ....”

RENDERED AS ‘instead’.

SOMETIMES **wandu ba** IS SPLIT, AS:

180 **wandu ba**

70 **wandu xxx ba**

... ngatun nakilliliella or nakilleen barun wirrobuli kan, ...

ngadun nagililiyila \OR  
nagiliyan\ barun wirubaligan

... and looked on his disciples, ...

AND see-be-ing-ing-recently \OR see-be-ing-did\  
them-all follow-ing-agent

... and was constantly seeing \OR was seeing\  
them, the following-agent(s) [i.e. disciples], ...

Tkld INVENTIONS:  
disciple / passover / generation

Tkld coined the following terms:  
disciple **wiruba-li-gan** following agent  
Passover **gawi-dwara** come-done to  
generation **wilang-NGil** behind/past place

[continues from previous frame]

... *koakēa ngaiya noa [bənɤ] bōn Peter nung, ...*

**guwagiya ngaya nuwa bun PETERnung**

... he rebuked Peter, ...

scold-be-PH then he him PETER-ACC

... he then scolded him, Peter, ...

... *wiyelliella, yuring bi [127] willung koa emmoung kin ko Satan: ...*

**wiyiliyila yuring bi wilangGuwa imuwungGinGu SATAN**

... saying, Get thee behind me, Satan: ...

speak-ing-recently go away thou behind-having me-to SATAN

... speaking: "Go away, you, behind-having to me, Satan ...

... *or Yuring bi Satan kauwa bi willung ka emmoung kin: ...*

**OR yuring bi SATAN gawa bi wilangGa imuwungGin**

... saying, Get thee behind me, Satan: ...

\OR go away thou SATAN be-IMP! [yes] thou behind-at me-at\

... \OR go away, you, Satan –yes, you– at-behind me\; ...

**-kin /-din: CAUS/LOC/ALL/PERL**

IN THE Luke, Mark, Matthew GOSPELS & PRAYERS, THE SUFFIXES SIGNIFY:

	CAUS because	LOC at	ALL to	PERL thru/by
<b>-gin</b>	5	<b>93</b>	46	–
<b>-din</b>	168	25	–	8
<b>-lin</b>	12	–	–	–
<b>-rin</b>	2	–	–	5

[continues next frame]

[continues from previous frame]

...*kulla wal keawarān bi ngurrā korien unnoa tāra minnungbo minnungbo Eloī koba; ...*

*gala wal giyawaran bi ngaragurin anuwadara minangbu minangbu ELOīguba*

... for thou savourest not the things that be of God, ...

because certainly not-now thou hear-PH-lacking that-PLUR what-EMPH what-EMPH GOD-of

... because you certainly (do) not hear-lacking those emphatically-what emphatically-what [i.e. whatever(s)] of God ...

**minang: INTERROGATIVE**

**minang** INTERROGATIVE  
—NOT RELATIVE PRONOUN  
INTERROGATIVES  
**min** what? which  
**minang** what? what object?  
**minaring** what is it?  
**minan** how many?  
**RELATIVE PRONOUN** [refers back to a noun]  
*who, whom, whose, which, that*  
**DEMONSTRATIVE** [points to a thing]  
*this, that, these, those, neither, none*

PERHAPS: *ngalabu ngalabu*

**RELATIVE PRONOUNS**

THIS	ngali	this	THAT	ngala	that
	ani	this		anuwa	that
		what = 'that which'		anduwa	that
				anang	that
				ngaluwa	that
				nginuwa	that

...*wonto [~~ngxx~~] unni tāra minnung bo minnung bo kore koba.*

*wandu anidara minangbu minangbu guriguba*

... but the things that be of men.

instead this-PLUR what-EMPH what-EMPH man-of

... (but) instead those emphatically-what emphatically-what [i.e. whatever(s)] of man".

**wandu ba: whereas / INSTEAD**

**wandu ba**  
TkId: "Whereas; a compound phrase: **Won**, the interrogative adverb of place, where? to, ...."  
RENDERED AS 'instead'.  
SOMETIMES **wandu ba** IS SPLIT, AS:  
180 **wandu ba**  
70 **wandu xxx ba**

**minang: INTERROGATIVE**

**minang** INTERROGATIVE  
—NOT RELATIVE PRONOUN  
INTERROGATIVES  
**min** what? which  
**minang** what? what object?  
**minaring** what is it?  
**minan** how many?  
**RELATIVE PRONOUN** [refers back to a noun]  
*who, whom, whose, which, that*  
**DEMONSTRATIVE** [points to a thing]  
*this, that, these, those, neither, none*

PERHAPS: *ngalabu ngalabu*

## Mark 8:34

*Ŷ Ngatun kaibulleen noa ba barun kore*

*ngatun barun wirrobullikān ngikoumba, wiyā ngaiya noa bārun,  
ngānto tarai to uwannun willung ka emmoung kin, ngurrurlia noa  
niuwoa bo, ngatun mānkilia talingkabilli kān nē ngikoumba, ngatun  
wirrobulla tia or wirrobullia emmoung. or wirrobāli.*

**ngadun gayibaliyan nuwa ba barun guri**

[34] And when he had called the people unto him

with his disciples also, he said unto them, Whosoever will come after me, let him deny himself, and take up his cross, and follow me.

AND call-do-ing-did he WHEN/if them-all man

And when he was calling them, the men, ...

*... ngatun barun wirrobullikān ngikoumba, ...*

**ngadun barun wirubaligan ngigumba**

.. with his disciples also, ...

AND them-all follow-ing-agent him-of

... and them, his following-agent(s) [i.e. disciples], ...

### Tkld INVENTIONS: disciple / passover / generation

Tkld coined the following terms:

disciple **wiruba-li-gan** following agent

Passover **gawi-dwara** come-done to

generation **wilang-NGil** behind/past place

*... wiyā ngaiya noa bārun, ...*

**wiya ngaya nuwa barun**

... he said unto them, ...

speak-PH then he them-all

... he then spoke (to) them: ...

[continues from previous frame]

...ngānto tarai to uwannun willung ka emmoung kin, ...

ngandu darayidu uwanan wilangGa imuwungGin

... Whosoever will come after me, ...

who-ERG other-ERG move-will behind-at me-at

... “Who other will move [i.e. come] at-behind me, ...

**-kin /-din: CAUS/LOC/ALL/PERL**

IN THE Luke, Mark, Matthew GOSPELS & PRAYERS, THE SUFFIXES SIGNIFY:

	CAUS because	LOC at	ALL to	PERL thru/by
-gin	5	93	46	–
-din	168	25	–	8
-lin	12	–	–	–
-rin	2	–	–	5

...ngurrurlia noa niuwoa bo, ...

ngaraliya nuwa nyuwuwabu

... let him deny himself, ...

hear-ing-IMP! he himself

... he, emphatically he, must hearing [i.e. let him deny himself], ...

**DOUBTFUL WORD: himself**

Tkld USED FOR ‘himself’:  
 44 **nyuwuwa-bu** he-EMPH  
 2 **nuwa gudi-bu** he self-EMPH  
 1 **bun ngigung gudi** him him self

**POSSIBLE ADJUSTMENT**

**nyuwuwa-bu**: he-EMPH  
 PERHAPS SHOULD BE :  
**ngigung-bu**: him-EMPH

**DOUBTFUL Tkld TRANSLATION**

*KJV let him deny himself*  
 Tkld **ngaraliya nuwa nyuwuwabu**  
 hear-ing-IMP! he himself  
 INCONGRUENT. PERHAPS:  
**wariga-mambi-li-la ba nuwa nyuwuwabu**  
 reject-make-permit-RFLX-IMP! DONE he  
 he-EMPH  
*let he himself reject-done himself*

[continues next frame]

[continues from previous frame]

*...ngatun mānkilia talingkabilli kān nē ngikoumba, ...*

**ngadun manGiliya dalingGabiligani ngigumba**

... and take up his cross, ...

AND take-be-ing-IMP! cross-be-do-ing-entity him-of

... and must be taking his cross-doing-entity [i.e. cross], ...

**Tkld INVENTIONS:**  
rich man / crucify /argue

Tkld coined the following terms:  
rich man **burul-gan** heavy agent  
crucify **daling-Gu-bi-li-gu** cross-for-be-ing ...  
divided **ngara ngara** hear-hear (argue/split)

*...ngatun wirrobulla tia or wirrobullia emmoung. or wirrobāli.*

**ngadun wirubala diya \OR wirubaliya imuwung \OR wirubali\**

... and follow me.

AND follow-IMP! me \OR follow-ing-IMP! me\ OR following\

... and must follow me \OR must following me \OR following\”.

# Mark 8:35

*Kulla ba [Ngante] tarai k̄an to m̄irom̄ānun wal morōn ngikoumba*

*warik̄ānun wal noa; wonto ba tārai k̄an to warik̄ānun m̄orōn ngikoumba emmoung kin, ngatun Evangelion tin, ngaloa noa m̄orōn kakilinnun wal.*

**gala ba darayigandu mirumanan wal murun ngigumba**

[35] For whosoever will save his life shall lose it; but whosoever shall lose his life for my sake and the gospel's, the same shall save it.

because DONE other-agent-ERG protect-will certainly life him-of

Because (who)-other-agent [i.e. whosoever] will certainly protect his life, ...

## but / because / therefore

<b>gala (ba)</b>	for, because
<b>ngala-din</b>	that-because (therefore)
<b>yagi-din</b>	now-because (therefore)
<b>guwidu (ba)</b>	because, therefore
<b>wandu ba</b>	but, instead, whereas

... *warik̄ānun wal noa; ...*

**wariganan wal nuwa**

... shall lose it; ...

reject-will certainly he

... he will certainly reject (it); ...

... *wonto ba tārai k̄an to warik̄ānun m̄orōn ngikoumba emmoung kin, ...*

**wandu ba darayigandu wariganan murun ngigumba imuwungGin**

... but whosoever shall lose his life for my sake ...

instead DONE other-agent-ERG reject-will life him-of me-because

... instead (who)-other-agent [i.e. whosoever] will reject his life because of me ...

## wandu ba: whereas / INSTEAD

### wandu ba

Tkld: "Whereas; a compound phrase: **Won**, the interrogative adverb of place, where? to, ...."

RENDERED AS 'instead'.

SOMETIMES **wandu ba** IS SPLIT, AS:

180 **wandu ba**  
70 **wandu xxx ba**

## -kin /-din: CAUS/LOC/ALL/PERL

IN THE Luke, Mark, Matthew GOSPELS & PRAYERS, THE SUFFIXES SIGNIFY:

	CAUS because	LOC <b>at</b>	ALL <b>to</b>	PERL <b>thru/by</b>
<b>-gin</b>	5	<b>93</b>	46	—
<b>-din</b>	168	25	—	8
<b>-lin</b>	12	—	—	—
<b>-rin</b>	2	—	—	5



[continues from previous frame]

... *ngatun Evangelion tin*, ...

**ngadun GOSPELdin**

... and the gospel's, ...

**AND GOSPEL-because**

... and because of the Gospel, ...

## -kin /-din: CAUS/LOC/ALL/PERL

IN THE Luke, Mark, Matthew GOSPELS & PRAYERS, THE SUFFIXES SIGNIFY:

	CAUS because	LOC <b>at</b>	ALL <b>to</b>	PERL <b>thru/by</b>
<b>-gin</b>	5	<b>93</b>	46	–
<b>-din</b>	168	25	–	8
<b>-lin</b>	12	–	–	–
<b>-rin</b>	2	–	–	5

... *ngaloa noa mōrōn kakilinnun wal*.

**ngaluwa nuwa murun gagalanan wal**

... the same shall save it.

**this-fellow he alive be-be-ing-will certainly**

... he, this fellow, will certainly being alive.

# Mark 8:36

*Minnung ke murrorōng [tarai-kokera-kə] kore ko [129]*

*mān [ki-li-kə] nun noa ba purrai karīng ko, ngatun warikunnun wal ngaiya mārai kōti ta ngikoumba?*

**minang Gi marurung gurigu**

[36] For what shall it profit a man,  
if he shall gain the whole world, and lose his own soul?

what be good man-for

What be good for (a) man ...

**VERB 'to be'**  
ACCORDING TO R.M.W. DIXON,  
"Most Australian languages lack  
any verb 'to be'" [Dixon 1980  
491:12]  
IF THIS IS THE CASE FOR  
Awabakal, **ga / gi** 'be'  
WOULD BE A TkId INVENTION.

*... mān [ki-li-kə] nun noa ba purrai karīng ko, ...*

**manan nuwa ba barayi garingGu**

... if he shall gain the whole world, ...

take-will he WHEN/if earth all-for

... if he will take for all the earth, ...

*...ngatun warikunnun wal ngaiya mārai kōti ta ngikoumba?*

**ngadun wariganan wal ngaya marayi gudi da ngigumba**

... and lose his own soul?

AND reject-will certainly then spirit **self AFFirm** him-of

... and will then certainly reject his **own**, aye, spirit?

**ANGLICISM gudi 'own'**  
'own' IS AN IDIOMATIC INTENSIFIER  
IN EXPRESSIONS SUCH AS:  
my own    your own    his own  
our own                    their own  
AND NEED NOT BE TRANSLATED

## Mark 8:37

*Nga ba minnung ke kore ko ngupai yi ko  
Marai ko ngikoumba ko?*

**nga ba minang Gi gurigu  
ngubayigu marayigu ngigumbagu**

[37] Or what shall a man give in exchange for his soul?

OR DONE what be man-for give-do-back-for  
spirit-for him-of-for

Or-done, what be for (a) man for give back  
[i.e. pay] for his spirit [i.e. what is (there) for  
a man for exchange for his spirit]?

### DOUBTFUL Conjunctions

**nga** = or 69

**nga** = be (alternative to **ga**) 12

**ngadun** = and

CONJUNCTIONS UNUSUAL

“Most languages lack specific coordinat-  
ing and subordinating particles, of the  
types ‘and’, ‘but’, ‘when’, ‘because’,  
‘if’. However, these are found in a few  
languages.” [Dixon 2002:86:10]

### VERB ‘to be’

ACCORDING TO R.M.W. DIXON,  
“Most Australian languages lack  
any verb ‘to be’” [Dixon 1980  
491:12]

IF THIS IS THE CASE FOR  
Awabakal, **ga** / **gi** ‘be’  
WOULD BE A Tkld INVENTION.

# Mark 8:38

*Kulla ngan tia ba koiyun kunnun wal emmoung kai,  
ngatun wiyellikan nē tin emmoumba tin, unti ta .....[adulterous] ..... ngatun yāra kai kān  
willung ngēl, koiyun kunnun wal yināllō kore ko ba ko ngikoung kai, uwonnun ngaiya noa ba  
killi bīnbīn [kæŋ] toa biyung-ba koba katoa barun katoa yiriyiri kān toa Angel loa.*

**gala ngan diya ba guwiyun ganan wal imuwungGayi**

[38] Whosoever therefore shall be ashamed of me  
and of my words in this adulterous and sinful generation; of him also shall the Son of man  
be ashamed, when he cometh in the glory of his Father with the holy angels.

**because who me DONE shame be-will certainly me-because**

Because who [i.e. someone] (for) me will be  
shame [i.e. ashamed] because of me, ...

*... ngatun wiyellikan nē tin emmoumba tin, ...*

**ngadun wiyiliganidin imuwumbadin**

... and of my words ...

**AND speak-ing-entity-because me-of-because**

... and because of my words, ...

## but / because / therefore

**gala (ba)** for, because  
**ngala-din** that-because (therefore)  
**yagi-din** now-because (therefore)  
**guwidu (ba)** because, therefore  
**wandu ba** but, instead, whereas

## -gayi / --bayi: because, at, ITEM

IN THE Luke, Mark, Matthew GOSPELS  
& PRAYERS, THE SUFFIXES SIGNIFY,  
about (concerning) **because** **at** **ITEM**

<b>-gayi</b>	42	<b>41</b>	12
<b>-bayi</b>	–	–	3
<b>-dayi</b>	–	–	2
<b>-wayi</b>	–	–	4

## -kin /-din: CAUS/LOC/ALL/PERL

IN THE Luke, Mark, Matthew GOSPELS  
& PRAYERS, THE SUFFIXES SIGNIFY:

	CAUS because	LOC <b>at</b>	ALL <b>to</b>	PERL <b>thru/by</b>
<b>-gin</b>	5	<b>93</b>	46	–
<b>-din</b>	168	25	–	8
<b>-lin</b>	12	–	–	–
<b>-rin</b>	2	–	–	5

[continues next frame]

[continues from previous frame]

*...unti ta .....[adulterous] ..... ngatun yāra kai kān willung ngēl, ...*

**andida [buwibaligan] ngadun yaragayigan wilangNGil**

... in this adulterous and sinful generation; ...

here-at [copulate-do-ing-agent] AND bad-agent  
return/behind (past)-place [generation]

... here at [i.e. in] (this) [adulterous] and bad-agent  
[i.e. evil-doer] return-place [i.e. generation], ...

**MISSING TRANSLATION**

AS Tkld DID NOT PROVIDE  
A TRANSLATION ,  
**THIS WORDING**  
IS PROPOSED.

**Tkld INVENTIONS:**  
disciple / passover / generation

Tkld coined the following terms:  
disciple **wiruba-li-gan** following agent  
Passover **gawi-dwara** come-done to  
generation **wilang-NGil** behind/past place

*...koiyun kunnun wal yināllō kore ko ba ko ngikoung kai, ...*

**guwiyun ganan wal yinalu gurigubagu ngigungGayi**

... of him also shall the Son of man be ashamed, ...

shame be-will certainly son-ERG man-of-ERG him-because

... the son of man will certainly be shame [i.e. ashamed] because of him, ...

**-gayi / --bayi: because, at, ITEM**

IN THE Luke, Mark, Matthew GOSPELS  
& PRAYERS, THE SUFFIXES SIGNIFY,  
about (concerning) **because** **at** **ITEM**

<b>-gayi</b>	42	<b>41</b>	12
<b>-bayi</b>	–	–	3
<b>-dayi</b>	–	–	2
<b>-wayi</b>	–	–	4

[continues next frame]

[continues from previous frame]

...uwonnun ngaiya noa ba ...

uwanan **ngaya** nuwa ba ...

... when he cometh ...

move-will then he WHEN/if

... when he will then move [i.e. come] ...

...killi b̄nb̄n [kæn] toa biyung-ba koba katoa barun katoa yiriyiri k̄n toa Angel loa.

**gilibinbinduwa**

**biyangbagubagaduwa barunGaduwa yiri yiriganduwa ANGELuwa**

... in the glory of his Father with the holy angels.

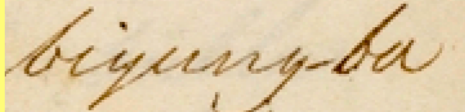
shine-INTNS-INTNS-having father-ITEM-of-in company with them-all in company with sacred-agent-in company with ANGEL-in company with

... with shining-having [i.e. in glory] of-in company with-the father (and) in company with them, the sacred angels.

**MYSTERY WORD: shining**

**gili**: light. spark  
**gili-bin-bin**: shining  
 ANALYSIS UNCERTAIN.  
 PERHAPS:  
 light-do-now/do-now  
 shine-INTNS-INTENS  
 36 EXAMPLES OF 'shine', 'shining'  
 ALL BUT 3 are **gilibinbin**

**MS ERROR [?]**



**biyung-ba**:  
 MS ERROR FOR: **biyung-bayi**

**DOUBTFUL Tkld TRANSLATION**

*KJV in the glory of his Father with the holy angels*  
 Tkld **gilibinbin-duwa biyangba-gubagaduwa barun-Gaduwa yiri yiriganduwa ANGEL-[l]uwa**  
 AND not-now them-all eat-be-ing for shine-INTNS-INTNS-having father-of-in company with them-all in company with sacred-agent-in company with ANGEL in company with  
 DOUBTFUL SUFFIXES & AGREEMENTS.  
 PERHAPS:  
**gilibinbin-duwa biyang-bayi-guba barun-Gaduwa yiri yiri-gan ANGEL**  
 shining-having father-of them-all-in company with sacred-agent(s) ANGEL(s)  
*the glory of the father in company with them, the sacred angels*

**-gayi / --bayi: because, at, ITEM**

IN THE Luke, Mark, Matthew GOSPELS & PRAYERS, THE SUFFIXES SIGNIFY, about (concerning) **because at ITEM**

<b>-gayi</b>	42	<b>41</b>	12
<b>-bayi</b>	-	-	3
<b>-dayi</b>	-	-	2
<b>-wayi</b>	-	-	4

**-gaduwa: IN COMPANY WITH**

<b>-gaduwa</b>	<b>-guwa</b>	<b>-duwa</b>	<b>-luwa</b>	<b>-ruwa</b>
159	14	13	8 [> l]	4 [> r]

(Multiple, and different, of the above forms might occur in the same entry)